Daily Pacific News.

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THE PACIFIC NEWS
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(*Sundays excepted,*)
BY WINCHESTER, SKILLMAN & CO.,
MONTGOMERY STREET, BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND JACKSON STREETS, OVER PAYNE'S AUCTION STORE.

TERMS—INVARIABY IN ADVANCE.

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For Six Months "	16 00
Single Copies	12½ cents.

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First insertion	$3 00
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Legal Advertisements, not paid in advance, will be charged the former rates.

DAILY PACIFIC NEWS.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1850.

The Moral Aspect of California.

A THANKSGIVING SERMON:

Preached to the First Unitarian Church of San Francisco, Sunday, Dec. 1st, 1850.

BY REV. CHARLES A. FARLEY, PASTOR.

Fear not, O Lord, be glad and rejoice.—Joel, ch ii. v. 21.

That was an exciting and inspiring Pageant that passed through our streets a few weeks ago. It was a baptismal jubilee: the ratification of a new covenant with the freest nation upon earth; the adoption of a new State into the Empire of States; the proclamation that the moral principles which had secured the prosperity of the American people thus far, on the shores of the Atlantic, were to be extended to the uttermost bounds of the Pacific Sea.

That pageant has passed away. It was simply the appropriate expression of the popular heart, but the event which it commemorated, should make no transient impression. That event is a reality of deep moral significance, which cannot help leaving its mark upon the world for better or worse. It will leave its mark upon *us*, which is the great consideration, and therefore our moral position at this moment should lead to serious meditation.

We are no alarmists or croakers. We see no good reason for being either. We repudiate altogether the superficial views in which too many have indulged in speaking of California. It has been prophesied that the colonization of this country, commencing with a low and sordid motive, ensures a disastrous termination. That we are filled with a Mammon serving generation, who think of nothing and care for nothing but gold; and then to substantiate this position, we are pointed to the social evils in our midst, to the haunts of licentiousness, to drinking saloons and gambling saloons, and police reports, and all the dismal paraphernalia of vice; and *this* is our character! As well might you judge of the health of a city, by the statistics of a lazar house or a hospital, without looking at its general condition of health; or of its character for peace and order, by a street row; or of its industry and enterprise by a set of loafers. The seeking for gold is as legitimate and laudable an object, as the seeking for anything else. It is in fact the indispensable condition upon which, I will not say our very bread depends, but upon which depends the civilization and Christianization of the world. All our social life, our common education, religion, involves the necessity of seeking for money. To take advantage of the market in India or France, to make a successful speculation is no less vulgar or mercinary, than to take advantage of the market in California for the same purpose. A whaling voyage is no more respectable than a mining expedition, or the diving for pearls than the digging for ore. Gold is dug in no meaner manner here than coal or lead at home, and our merchants in Montgomery street have no more passion for the "filthy lucre," than those of State street or Wall street. Money-seeking and money-getting, is essentially the same thing all the world over. Gold is a no more profane medium of exchange than silver or copper. They are alike only means to an end, and the good or evil consequences which ensue, depend upon what the end is, and the motives for attaining it. "Where the carcase is, there the eagles are gathered together."

Undoubtedly this gold era is somewhat remarkable in the world's history. This sudden discovery of the most precious of metals. has produced some most astonishing results. It has created an excitement which has disturbed in no small degree the peace of the world. A territory which just now was comparatively a lone wilderness, has become all alive with a vast and stirring population. A theatre of enterprise has been opened which is without a parallel. A tide of emigration such as mortal eyes never saw before, has poured through the Golden Gate from the four quarters of the globe. The ocean has been covered with ships, and the land with caravans, and a nation has literally been born in a day; a nation the strangest and most miscellaneous ever brought together, of all kindreds, and tribes, and tongues, animated primarily, it must be confessed, by one passion, and that a passion for money.

Thus far, we concede, as a general statement; but all general statements demand qualification. To speak without discrimination, of this exceedingly mixed population, is to travel out of the record, and speak foolishly. We are neither a sink of iniquity, nor a congregation of saints. The habits and manners of all countries which have "grown with their growth, and strengthened with their strength," are faitfully represented, and to expect from this chaotic mass of character, the same moral manifestations which are seen in the best educated communities, is as reasonable as to expect to see full-grown Christianity spring suddenly from the bosom of heathenism. We must measure the moral conditition of the representatives of each nation, not by *our* standard of propriety, but their own. Much which would be offensive and disgraceful in an Englishman or on American, may be quite pardonable in another as the inevitable result of his social position. The code of morals in the Christian Scriptures, is certainly not the standard by which to measure the virtue of a Hindoo or a Turk. All we have a right to expect from either, is fidelity to the light he has received. And the application of this rule to the various classes which form our population, will go far to lessen the holy horror which has been so plentifully bestowed upon our state of society as a whole. All classes of our citizens cannot fairly be held responsible for the conduct of any one. We endorse no social evil, except so far as we encourage it and practice it ourselves. And it is but doing bare justice to our foreign population to say, that as a body, their conduct as good citizens has not only been unexceptionable, but in the highest degree worthy of praise. They have shown no disposition to disturb our quiet, or violate our laws, or interfere with our institutions. They have minded their own affairs, and left us to mind ours. They have been as courteous, as honest in their business transactions, and as well disposed in every particular, as ourselves, with no very perceptible difference from the same class of citizens, who have chosen their home with our Atlantic brethren; and to say the least of it, we have as little reason to complain of them, as they have to complain of us.

And now with respect to the emigration from our own shores. It is clear that no very considerable number of a refuse population *could* come, from the necessity of the case. The weak and cowardly would lack the courage, and the extremely idle and profligate would lack the means; and supposing they got here, they would stand no chance in the midst of our intensely busy communities. No greater blunder could any man make than expecting to find in this country a Paradise for idleness and vice. He could stay at home with better prospects far, with much more comfort, and far less expense. This is the worst country in the world for men of no occupation; and, thank Heaven, the depraved idler cannot afford to stay and pay his taxes; for it is true here, if it be true anywhere, that "if a man will not work, neither shall he eat." This is the scriptural doctrine, and it is the California doctrine, too. It is death to stand still. A man must keep moving, and that to some purpose; for there are none to help a man who will not help himself. Labor is well paid, it is true, but then it must be labor indeed: labor, not by fits and starts, but steady and persevering labor, requiring not only the bone and muscle, but courage and patience, and endurance, and mind. And so far from complaining, every true man should rejoice that gold cannot be picked up on the surface, and everywhere, but requires, like everything else worth having, hard and patient toil. For this affords a security to society against pauperism and crime, which is stronger than penal enactments, bolts or bars. It is not idleness or vice which has converted a wilderness with almost miraculous rapidity into thriving cities and towns, which already rival those of long settled communities. It is not idleness or vice which throngs these streets with a wide-awake multitude, which has put up these warehouses, and built these wharves, and graded and planked these streets. It is no mean and solely Mammon-worshipping population which has established Courts of Justice, the Schoolhouse, the Church and the Press, as among the first necessities of a free people. These are the fruits of industry, of intelligence, and of religious principle. It was a religion loving, liberty loving, law loving people, which, true to the old Puritan instinct, inscribed on the banner of the New England Society, "*Religion, Liberty, and Law.*" To religion assigning the first place, because liberty and law rest upon it as upon everlasting foundations. "Where the spirit of the Lord is, there is Liberty." And "Law," as the immortal Hooker defined it, "has its seat in the bosom of God, and its voice is the harmony of the world."

It is paying but a poor compliment to our brethren at home, to suppose that the thousands and tens of thousands who have come hither, representatives of all classes of society, and of every occupation, from every city and town and hamlet, very few having passed the middle period of life, and the vast majority very young men, are such miserable specimens of humanity, without any principles of self-restraint, with dispositions wholly inclined to all sin, and wholly disinclined to all goodness. Are such, indeed, the fruits of our boasted civilization? of our civil, social, domestic and religious institutions? These the descendants of the Puritans? Have our families from the north, south, east and west, sent out from their very bosom none but moral monsters? What a disgraceful commentary would this be on the past history of republican and christian America? Scores of idle letter writers and disappointed adventurers cannot make it credible. No sober man can look candidly upon a society gathered so rapidly as ours, without seeing, to speak entirely within bounds, as fair a representation, in every class of our citizens, of enterprise, of capacity, of love, of order, respect for law and reverence for religion, as can be found among the same classes at home; and this too with gigantic temptations to encounter, with no strong force of a settled public opinion to bear upon them, removed from the sacred guardianship of Home, and from the thousand refined and delightful resources which are there everywhere opened for the mind and the heart. There, sin is stealthy and cunning, and still, and goes in the dark. *Here*, it is open, unmasked—makes no apologies, and asks none. It unfurls its flag in the most public and conspicuous places. It has capital to work with, and it surrounds itself with every attraction of which it is capable. And yet I think I speak the words of truth and soberness, when I say that those who enter its courts, as its avowed and admiring patrons, are the exceptions, yes, and the remarkable exceptions, too, and not the rule. The rule is that those who constitute the character of our merchants and tradesmen, our mechanics and laborers, take quite as little interest in these things as they do at home.

Time here is money, and they are a great deal too busy to spend much time at Vanity Fair, or make common cause with the devil. They do not commence a personal crusade against them, but in a quiet and gradual manner are arming against them that sober sense of right, and those educational and moral bulwarks which are forming a public opinion more irresistible than set homilies or legal enactments, or the most direct opposition. Our Press, that mighty engine for regulating and giving tone to public sentiment, is lifting up its voice manfully against the most attrocious sins in our midst, and is the great coadjutor of the Pulpit. We have read many a pithy and powerful sermon from time to time among its leaders. A good newspaper goes where many a clergyman's voice can never penetrate, and if it did, would not find such attentive and willing ears. Our civil authorities, too, are taking active measures for the suppression of these social vices, and according to the spirit of our Government the civil authority follows in the wake of public opinion. It is the executive of the public will, since with us laws are but the exponent of the real moral force of our people, and are nothing, and worse than nothing when they cannot be executed. Many of us think we see many of our social sins greatly on the decline. And as sin naturally prefers darkness to light, "because her deeds are evil," and because darkness is her legitimate sanctuary, you will see, as churches go up, and schools go up, and our legislation gets settled; as one good institution after another is born, and libraries and reading rooms are provided for the mind, and rational and refreshing recreations for the heart; as families come in, and the husband is no longer separated from the wife, the child from the parent, the brother from the sister, and friend from friend, and the sick and restless heart finds a home; when, in a word, the Genius of our American Institutions, has fairly developed itself, we shall see, if I mistake not, these black clouds disappear from our horizon, and "the winter of our discontent" give place to as serene a sky, and as glorious a summer as our neighbor's. We shall see, if we are true to ourselves, and follow up our beginnings, not merely the external, but the moral wilderness blossom as the rose. We need not fret and fume, because of evil doers. There are plenty of them everywhere, and if we have read aright our public prints at home, those among us are not sinners above all men that dwell in Jerusalem. Let us do *right* ourselves. Sin is no match for goodness, or folly for wisdom, or ignorance for intelligence, for when, as Milton asks, "was Truth ever put to the worse, in a fair field and open encounter?" But then it must be Truth indeed—no sham or seeming; it must be Truth with open countenance and fair brow; It must be Truth wide awake, with iron will, and armed at all points; it must be Truth, which, like the god Terminus, of the Romans, never goes back. Then may we say, "Fear not, O land, rejoice and be glad;" your career is as certainly onward and upward, as the sun in the heavens. Your foundations are laid not upon sands, though they be golden, but upon the eternal "Rock of Ages."

Many may ascribe the settlement of this country to accidental causes, but Christianity knows no such thing as accidents or chances. She recognises God in all history, who brings about momentous results by what seem comparative trifles. Judaism, Christianity, Reformation, the French and American revolutions, started apparently, from insignificant causes. Moses was a cast off child. Jesus was the son of a carpenter, and most of his apostles fishermen and men of the humblest origin. Luther was the son of a miner, and until he was fourteen years old, but a strolling singer, begging his bread from door to door. Buonaparte was but an obscure Corsican boy; and yet these men have shaken and revolutionized the world. It matters little whether the empire here forming, started from a war or the finding of gold. We see the finger of God here also; and we know that he "can make the wrath of man to praise him," and the discovery of a mineral, the nuclus of a world.

My friends, we have a great work to do here, on this very spot, and now. Ignorance is to be enlightened, sin is to be removed, and society to be reconstructed on these Pacific shores, which shall be not a bye-word and a reproach in the face of the whole civilized and uncivilized world, but a glory and a blessing. This people ought to be, not as *good* as any other, but a great deal *better* than any other. We have the whole past from the beginning of time, to build upon. What a universe is here of history, of philosophy, of ethics, of solid experience. To us, under God, it may be given to belt the world with christian civilization. If the alphabet of the highest truth was created in the East, and has ever since travelled westward, growing into a complete science, how inspiring the thought that we may carry it round full circle, to its starting place, restoring fourfold into its bosom, and accomplish the magnificent prophecy, that "righteousness shall cover the earth as the waters covers the seas." Already what Coleridge saw with the vision of a Seer, we see growing into reality before our very eyes: "Millions of people, extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific, living under the laws of Alfred, and speaking the language of Milton and Shakspeare." This he called a "grand conception." It is now a grand reality, and becoming grander every hour.

I honor, and thoroughly appreciate the labors of those missionaries of the cross, who gave up all, even their lives, like the first apostles, to carry christianity to India, China, and Siberia, and the islands of the Pacific, and to the remotest borders of heathendom. I am not insensible to the labors of the accomplished Bishop Heber, of Henry Martyn, of Dr. Judson, of the apostle Eliot, of Oberlin and Roberts, and hosts of equally devoted missionaries, Catholic and Protestant; but within a few years, as I believe, under the natural providence of God, if I may use the expression, more has been done and is doing, towards this purpose, than by all modern missions together. Thousands are now carrying letters and Christianity by the wonderful progress of science and extension of commerce from continent to continent, from the centre to the circumference of the globe, where only individuals, fully provided, have gone hitherto. Of these thousands, every christian man, woman and child, is a missionary. The mind staggers under the vastness of the conception of what schools, and churches, and commerce, and the press and wise legislation can now accomplish.

My hearers, this subject addresses itself with tremendous power to us of this infant society. It is my happiness to speak to those who are forming the first Unitarian Church on these shores, and if, as we profess humbly to believe, the principles we hold are the nearest approximation which has yet been made to a correct interpretation of christianity, how imperatively are we called upon by every earthly and by every heavenly consideration, not to throw away this golden opportunity; but to join heart and hand, "that the truth, as it is in Jesus, may have free course, and be glorified." Let no sense of present discomfort, or of slender means, hinder us from working shoulder to shoulder in this, our glorious mission. We form a representative from almost every society of our faith at home. You miss, doubtless, the eloquent lips and the beloved presence of your own pastors, but I know, that I express their feelings when I say, that however humble may be the instrumentalities by which we work, whether our stay here be longer or shorter, we should each and all labor together, to the utmost of our power, in this noblest field of Missionary Enterprise.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PROSPECTUS OF THE SAN DIEGO HERALD.

> "There the large olive rains its amber store
> In marble fonts, there grain, and flower, and fruit,
> Gush from the earth until the land runs o'er."
> (*Byron.*

The undersigned beg leave to announce to the public of California generally, and to the English-speaking population of Southern California in particular, that they intend to publish a newspaper at San Diego, under the above title, the first number of which will be issued about the first of January, proximo.

Terms of subscription, $12 per annum. In politics, the San Diego Herald will be *independent*, but not neutral; it will be the organ and engine of no party,—but the impartial advocate of such measures as shall seem best calculated to promote the general welfare of the State, and advance the local interests and property of Southern California, or more immediately of the District of San Diego.

Its design, however, will by no means be to engender any sectional jealousies, or to encourage any measures at variance with the unity and harmony of the State. Its paramount object will be to describe the localities and unfold the resources of "the sunny and luxuriant regions of the South"—to watch over their social and administrative interests,—and to promote their welfare by every legitimate means and influence which the press can employ.

To the American residents in Southern California, the publishers will look for their principal support; and considering the expense of the undertaking and its immediate importance to the local interests of San Diego, it is hoped that the publication will meet with their liberal encouragement. Among the inhabitants, however, of the Northern districts, the *San Diego Herald* will expect to have many readers desirous to obtain authentic information and periodical intelligence from the South.

J. JUDSON AMES & CO.

San Diego, Nov. 16th, 1850.

LOOK AT THIS, EMIGRANTS AND OTHERS!

300 FAMILIES WANTED, WHO WISH Homes. Having completed my survey in the southern part of the city of San Jose, in all 900 lots, 25 by 47½ varas, and being desirous to have improvements go on rapidly, I propose to give 300 lots to settlers who will build a neat, suitable house on each lot, and fence the same.

I have also over 100 lots, 50 varas square, in the Old Survey of the city, which I will sell low, and give time on part. The lots I own in the Old and New Surveys of the city are decidedly the best locations for buildings, being high and dry, and never subject to overflow; with the very best mountain water, obtained at the depth of 12 to 14 feet.

I think lumber shippers would do well to call and take a look at my lots. I will give them lots to build houses on, or will exchange lots for lumber of all kinds, or houses.

THE VALLEY.—We have a greater number of acres equal to the best Illinois land, than can be seen am wherenorth or east of us, in California; and the grain growing portions of the world, so far as I am acquainted, cannot equal us in producing wheat, both in quality and quantity: 60 bushels have been raised to the acre, and there can be seen now in the fields and gardens of our farmers, as fine crops as a majority of the States can produce at and vegetables of all kinds in abundance growing, and that too, without rain or watering.

CLIMATE AND HEALTH—Listen now: The average summer heat is 75 to 80 degrees, with cool nights; no musquitoes, day or night; no fever and ague, and no disease peculiar to the valley or town, winter or summer. We have some of the first settlers living with us yet, over 100 years of age, and one in particular, over 110, sound in body and in mind. We have had but one death out of the immigration of 1846, an old gentleman who was broken down with disease before he came to our city.

THE MORALS of our city and vicinity will, I make no doubt, compare with those of the best of our neighboring cities and towns. We are a law-abiding and a law-supporting people, and have our churches and schools as well as others.

Persons wishing lots will apply soon, to the subscriber, in the south end of the city.

JAMES F. REED.

City San Jose, Aug. 4, 1850. n4 tf

UNION HOTEL,

UNDER the management of ISAAC M. HALL—This establishment, situated on Portsmouth Square, San Francisco, State of California, will be opened for the reception of guests on Thursday, the 7th of November, instant, under the management of ISAAC M. HALL, late of the Eagle Hotel, Rochester, New York. The building has been erected within the last three months; built of brick, entirely fire-proof, five stories high, fronting on Portsmouth Square, 30 feet, and extending back 160 feet on Merchant street. There are 100 rooms, all finished in the most substantial manner, lathed and plastered, and hard finished walls. Each room is furnished with a stove and other bedroom furniture complete; bells are fitted up, communicating with the office from each room. The Dining room will accommodate 150 persons, and the public may safely confide in the well known talent of Mr. Hall to make this department one of the most inviting of the house. All the delicacies of the season will be found on the table, and the wines the best the market affords. The proprietors confidently entertain the hope that this enterprise, involving at least $150,000, will meet its due appreciation by the public, and that the effort on our part to present a Hotel where every comfort afforded in hotels in the Atlantic States may be found, will meet the reward of public patronage.

A. A. SELOVER,
JOHN MIDDLETON,
E. V. JOICE, } Proprietors.

San Francisco, Nov. 5, 1850. n6 tf

OHIO HOTEL.

SITUATED EAST SIDE of Dupont street, between Vallejo and Green streets, being one of the most healthy and pleasant locations in this city, and commanding a view of both bays and nearly the whole city, (with two houses in rear if required) will be let from the 1st of next month, on reasonable terms. To any party wishing to establish permanently, and who understahd the business thoroughly, a good chance will be offered. There is at present 35 boarders, and the house is, in part, furnished. A good well and plenty of water attached to the premises. The owner will take half interest in the business if a suitable arrangement can be made. Apply to

H. O'DONNELL,
Real Estate Broker, Pacific street, opposite the Court House.

Houses and lots for sale or rent in different parts of the city. n19

GUADALUPE MINING COMPANY.

A FEW SHARES may be had on advantageous terms in this flourishing company, by applying before the 25th inst. at the office of Weller & Jones, Pacific street, opposite City Hall. The company will commence extracting mercury with a new and much improved apparatus, in the course of a month; and the yield and quality of ore is such as to make this one of the safest and most profitable investments. Warranty deeds given. Terms cash. n20

BOARDING.

MRS. GRAHAM'S SELECT BOARDING HOUSE, corner of Broadway and Dupont streets, San Francisco.

Mrs. G. having enlarged her house since the grading and planking of Dupont street, is prepared to accommodate a much larger number of boarders than heretofore, and will endeavor to make the inmates of her house AT HOME.

☞ Gentlemen doing business down town will find this a pleasant location, the streets being graded and planked past the house. n15tf

R. F. RYAN,

ABOGADO, JURISCONSULTO Y PROCURADOR,
Calle de Kearny, al lado del oeste, tercera casa de la esquina de la calle Pacific.

Corredor y Agente para la venta de Terrenos, etc. Se extienden documentos de toda clase, y traducciones de los idiomas Frances, Espanol, Italiano, Portugues y Aleman. nov25

PRINTING PAPER.

PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned for the supply of first quality Printing Paper for the State work at the ensuing Session of the Legislature. Medium Book Paper and Foolscap are the kinds most wanted. Address (at Pacific News Office,) with samples and terms.

d2 10t J. WINCHESTER, State Printer.

JENNY LIND SOFA BEDSTEADS.

JUST RECEIVED by the Celestial, a superior article of Rosewood and mahogany Sofas, with rich damask and plush cushions, pillows, &c. Also, fine mahogany top centre Tables, which will be sold low if applied for soon.

J. A. McCREA & CO., Sansome st.,
n8tf between Washington and Jackson sts.

PICKED UP ADRIFT.

THE SCHOONER CHESAPEAKE.—The owner or owners of said vessel are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law. Apply to

WM. BENTON,
n21 On board brig [illegible], foot of Pacific st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

RULES OF PRACTICE

OF THE COUNTY COURT of San Francisco—Sitting for trial of Appeals:

1. It shall be the duty of Justices of the Peace to endorse on the transcript the names of the Attorneys, if any, who appeared on the trial before him.

2. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to make up a docket of the causes entered for trial, in the order in which the appeal papers are filed; one copy for the Court, and one for the use of the Bar.

3. Causes may be entered at the foot of the docket, for trial, at any time during the first week of the term, by filing a stipulation to that effect.

4. A day docket of Jury causes will be made up after the first day of the term, from the regular docket, in ther order, and of such as may be specially set down for trial by the Court, a list of which shall be posted by the Clerk on the Court-room door, and none others will be called for trial that day.

5. The party or attorney moving a jury cause for trial shall pay the jurors fees on the rendition of the verdict, and in default thereof, will be held as standing in contempt, and liable to attachment.

6. After the first day of the term, if neither party answer on a cause being called in its order, it will go to the foot of the docket.

7. No default will be taken on the first day of the term, and no cause will be tried on that day, except both parties are ready.

8. In cases where a jury is waived, it shall be the duty of the parties or their attorneys, to file a stipulation to that effect, with the Clerk of the Court on the first day of the term.

9. Witnesses may be examined *de bene esse* before the Commissioners appointed by this Court, on one day's notice to the opposite party, and in case of emergency on such notice as the circumstances may allow.

10. Special motions will be heard on each day, at the opening of the Court, at ten o'clock, A. M., on one day's notice, or on an order to show cause.

11. The Court will be kept open by adjournment after the docket is disposed of, for hearing motions and such other business as may be necessary, on Monday of each week, at 12 M., until the commencement of next term.

12. In all cases not herein provided for, the rules of practice of the District Court will be followed.

o19 tf

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF California, District of the County of Santa Clara:

Jose De Arnaz *vs.* Genoveva Garcia Mangel, Emanuel Mangel and Lorenzo Geoffrey.—Petition to foreclose mortgage, &c.

Whereas, *Jose De Arnaz* filed in this Court, on the 16th day of May, 1850, his petition, showing, among other things, that on the 20th day of December, 1849, Genoveva Garcia Mangel, the wife of Emanuel Mangel, was the owner in fee of a certain house and lot in San Jose, adjoining and in the rear of the house lately occupied by Messrs. Larrain, Benitez & Co., and fronting on Garcia street, did on that day mortgage the same, with the consent of Emanuel Mangel, her husband, to said Arnaz, to secure the sum of five hundred and sixty dollars, payable four months from date:

That afterwards, on or about the 15th day of January, 1850, said Emanuel Mangel and Genoveva G. Mangel executed a mortgage on the same premises, to one Geoffrey, of San Francisco, for about fourteen hundred dollars; which said mortgage was falsely dated the 19th of December, 1849, with intent to defeat the prior mortgage lien on said real estate, and to cheat and defraud said petitioner out of his debt. Said petitioner prays discovery and full answer to the above facts, that said mortgage to Geoffrey be set aside as fraudulent, and that said premises be sold to pay petitioner's mortgage, and for general relief.

And it being proved, by affidavit, to the satisfaction of this Court that Emanuel Mangel is a non-resident of this State, notice is hereby given to Emanuel Mangel to be and appear before the Honorable Court of the Third Judicial District, for the County of Santa Clara, on the fourth Monday of December, 1850, at the court house in San Jose, then and there to answer said petition, or, in default thereof, the allegation therein contained will be heard in your absence, and decreed accordingly.

Given under my hand and private seal, there
L. S. being no seal of office yet provided at this office, this 24th of May, A. D. 1850.

je1 H. C. MALONE, Clerk

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA: The People of the State of California to Isidora de la Torre of Mazatlan, Mexico, Alexander Forbes, William Barron, and Eustachio Barron, of Tepic, Mexico:

By order of the Hon. John H. Watson, Judge of the District Court of the county of Santa Clara, given on the 2d day of October, 1850, You are hereby summoned to be and appear before said court on the Fourth Monday of April, A. D. 1851, to answer the complaint of M. Z. B. Berreyesa, Wo. of Jose Reyes, of Ma. C. Berreyesa, and her husband; Ler Pinedo of Loretto Berreyesa, and her husband; J. Bijorques, of S. Berreyesa, J. S. Berreyesa, N. Berreyesa, F. Berreyesa, Fer. Berreyesa, M. Berreyesa, and her husband; J. Fernandez, of W. R. Bassham, tutor of J. E. Berreyesa, and of Richard Roman, James Hepburn, and C. V. Stewart, against yourselves and James A. Forbes, Robert Walkenshaw, and John Parrott, filed in the Clerk's Office of said court at San Jose, on the 5th day of October, 1850, by the said plaintiffs, to recover from you the possession of a certain tract of land; being a portion of the Rancho de la Canada de los Capitancillas, alias San Vicente, and bounded and described as follows, viz: All the western portion of said rancho lying between the rancho de las Capitancillas, belonging to William Wiggins, and the arroyo de los Alamitos, with a tract lying east of and along said arroyo, of half a mile in width, and running to the Sierra, which land, and more especially the Mine, Hacienda, and appurtenances of New Almaden, thereon situate, the said plaintiffs claim as their property, and that you unlawfully retain possession thereof since the first day of February, 1845. Wherefore they pray to have you ejected from the same, and to recover from you seven hundred thousand dollars, as the rents and profits thereof since the said 1st day of February, 1845, and also three hundred thousand dollars damages for the trespasses and wrongs by you committed thereon. And you are notified that unless you appear and answer said complaint at the time and place mentioned, that the same will be heard upon default and a decree entered accordingly.

Given under my hand and private seal, there being no
[L.S.] seal of office yet provided at this office, this 17th day of October, 1850.

H. C. MALONE, Clerk.

Weller & Jones, for plaintiffs. o21 6m

THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA:

IN the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District, for the County of San Francisco. GODEFFROY, SILLEM & Co. vs. ALBERT PRIEST.

The people of the State of California to Albert Priest, send greeting:

You are hereby summoned to appear in the said District Court of the county of San Francisco, on or before the first Monday in May next, and answer the complaint of Alfred Godeffroy and William Sillem, residents of said San Francisco, and copartners in trade under the firm and style of Godeffrey, Sillem & Co., filed with the Clerk of said Court on the 12th day of October, 1850, whereby they, the said plaintiffs, claim the sum of five thousand six hundred and forty-five 50-100 dollars, exclusive of interest, damages and costs of suit, and found their claim on a certain bill of exchange drawn by said Albert Priest, dated the 24th day of June, A. D. 1850, at Brunswick, Germany, on Henry M. Naglee, at San Francisco, and requested him, the said Naglee, ten days after sight, to pay to the order of Messieurs J. C. Godeffroy & Son, Hambro, Germany, the sum of five thousand six hundred and forty-five 50-100 dollars in gold dust at sixteen dollars per ounce, Troy, for value received, and endorsed by said J. C. Godeffroy & Son to the said plaintiffs or order; accepted by said Naglee and protested for non-payment.

Witness, Hon. Levi Parsons, Judge of said Court, at
[L. S.] Court House thereof, this 18th day of October, A. D. 1850.

Attest, JOHN E. ADDISON, Clerk,
o19 1am6m by JAS. D. GALBRAITH, Dep. Clerk.

IN JUSTICES' COURT.

BEFORE Brown, George W. Bushnell vs. M. Expert, M. Massurier, and his sons. SAME COURT—William B. White vs. same defendant. To M. Expert, M. Massurier and his sons, defendants in the above causes:

Complaints in these two causes were filed in my office, San Francisco, California, by said Bushnell and White respectively, August 16th, 1850, against you, as owners of the bark Gustave for breach of your contract, made in May last, with said Bushnell and White, respectively, have been issued by me, returnable the 22d of August, 1850. August 16th, aforesaid, said bark, tackle, &c. was levied upon, by virtue thereof. You are required to appear and answer said complaint, February 24th, 1851, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of that day, at my office.

H. S. BROWN,
o1 6m23d Justice of th Peacee.

AT A PROBATE COURT

HELD at the City Hall in the City of San Francisco, on the 14th November, 1850: Present, Hon. R. N. MORRISON, Probate Judge.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Larkin, dec'd:

Ordered, That November 28th, 1850, at 10 A. M., be appointed for the hearing of the petition of Theodore Shillaber and A. P. Everett, praying for probate of the Will of Thos. Larkin, deceased.

n15 [illegible] J. E. ADDISON, [illegible]

LEGAL NOTICES.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

NOTICE—In accordance with Section 5 of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act empowering the Governor to appoint Commissioners of Deeds, and defining the duties of such officers," approved March 20, 1850, notice is hereby given that the following persons have been appointed Commissioners as provided in said Act, to reside at the places mentioned, viz:

J. H. Cheney, Boston, Mass.
Ebenezer Robbins, Oneida co., N. Y.
Samuel Ward, City of New York.
Alexander W. Foster, Pittsburg, Pa.
Harry T. Hoyt, New Orleans, La.
T. Bailey Myers, City of New York.
Graham M. Hughes, Liberty, Mo.
James M. Hughes, St. Louis, Mo.
W. M. F. Cooper, Nashville, Tenn.
Daniel E Sickles, city of New York.
L. D. Champlin, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Ed. Shippen, Philadelphia, Pa.
B. F. Graves, Lexington, Ky.
W. B. Parker, Portsmouth, N. H.
J. B. Ogden, Van Buren, Ark.
Jno. J. Plume, New York city.
Chas Findley, Baltimore, Md.
D. C. Labatt, New Orleans, La.
A. C. Waugh, Mobile, Ala.
Geo. H. Hickman, Baltimore.
Jno. H. White, New York city.
Chas. J. Bushnell, do
Jno. H. Watson, St. Louis, Mo.
Chas. De Selding, Washington, D. C.

WM. VAN VOORHIES, Sec'y of State.

Office of Secretary of State,
San Jose, Oct. 25, 1850. o26 6tw

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the District Court, 4th Judicial District, county of San Francisco and State of California, duly tested and dated November 13th, 1850, in the case of John H. Merrill against Charles E. Picket, wherein a judgement was rendered in the sum of fourteen hundred dollars and fifty-seven 37-100 dollars costs against the said Picket, besides the accruing costs; said execution being to me directed and having been levied on; all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in the city of San Francisco, commencing at the southwest corner of Powell and Chesnut streets, running thence southerly on the west side of Powell street fifty varas, thence westerly parallel with Chesnut street fifty varas, thence northerly and parallel with Powell street fifty varas, to the south side of Chesnut street, thence easterly on the south side of Chesnut street fifty varas to the place of beginning, said lot being 50 varas square, and numbered on the map of said city (683). Now, by virtue of said execution and the proceedings under the same, I shall expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash in front of the Custom House, at the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M., on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of December, 1850, the above described lot of land.

JOHN C. HAYS, Sheriff,
n14 by JOHN S. POWERS, Dep. Sh'ff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF two several executions issued out of the District Court, 4th Judicial District, county of San Francisco, in the cases of R. S. Dorr and Macondray & Co., against Jesse B. Hart, I shall offer at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, on Wednesday, Dec. 18th, 1850, at the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House, the following described property, to wit:—situate in the city of San Francisco, and being a part of the 100 vara lot No. 50, and containing 22 feet front on Jackson street, by eighty feet back and a fraction in the rear thereof of fifty-seven and one half feet by sixty-six feet, the lot and fraction bounded on the west by an alley, on the south by lands owned by John B. R. Cooper, the fraction on the east by lands formerly owned by John Thompson, the front lot on the east by the lands formerly occupied by the Ohio House, on the north by Jackson street. Now, by virtue of said execution, I shall sell the interest of said Hart in said property on the day as aforesaid.

JOHN C. HAYS, Sheriff.

San Francisco, Nov. 28th, 1850. n29

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the estate of Joseph B. Williams, deceased, are hereby requested to present the same to the undersigned, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from this date, in default of which they will be forever barred. Those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

THOMAS B. CUSHING, Adm'r,
Merrimack House, corner of Pine and Sansome sts.

San Francisco, Nov. 23, 1850. n25 2aw1m*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Samuel C. Davis, deceased, are requested to present them to the undersigned within ten months from this date; in default thereof they will be forever barred. Those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to

JO. CLEMENTS, Administrator,
corner of Washington and Kearny streets,
Nov. 5, 1850.—n5 1aw6w "Verandah" Building.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the estate of JACOB HINA, (a Kanaka,) deceased, are requested to present them to the undersigned within ten months from this date, in default thereof they will be forever barred. Those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

H. G. BLANKMAN, Administrator.

Office in Commercial street, next door to Dart & Gale, up stairs. o28

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estates of Charles R. Bimley, Henry Bonfield and George Greswold, deceased, are hereby requested to present them to the undersigned at the office within ten months from this date, in default of which they will be forever barred. Those indebted to said estates are requested to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH HENRIQUEZ,
Public Administrator,
Office, Commercial street, next door to Dart & Gale's, up stairs. o25 4t law

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estates of James Wills and Henry Farmer, deceased, are hereby requested to present them to the undersigned, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from this date, in default thereof they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estates are requested to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH HENRIQUES, Public Administrator,
Office on Commercial st., next door to Dart and Gale's, up stairs.

Nov 2 1850

THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD

WILL BE PAID for the apprehension and delivery of one JESSE J. GRAHAM, who murdered one Dennis Bennett, in Cyante, Santa Cruz, State of California, on the 22d of April, A. D. 1850. The said Jesse J. Graham is about six feet high, slender built, with round shoulders, stoops when he walks, has a sneaking look, and speaks through his nose. It is supposed that he left Santa Cruz for the mines about the 1st of August or first of September, and when last seen, was on his way to the river Colorado, and to Texas, where his mother resides. The above reward will be paid for his safe delivery at San Francisco, Santa Cruz, or Monterey, one thousand dollars by the Governor, and two thousand dollars by JACKSON BENNETT, brother of deceased.

Santa Cruz, Nov. 19, 1850. n23 6m

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY for INVESTMENT

FOR SALE, all that valuable property known as the SAN FRANCISCO COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS, situated on Pine street, near Kearny, consisting of the unexpired term of lease of Lot and House, with the superior new steam engine of eight horse power, together with the roasters, mills, tools, scales, bags, horse, harness and wagons, &c.

The above is capable of roasting and grinding from 2000 to 3000 lbs. of coffee daily, and can be greatly facilitated by the steam engine and machinery, grinding spices, corn, &c.

The above property will be sold on very favorable terms. Apply to

WM. H. HENRIQUES, Commercial st.,
two doors above Simmons, Lilly & Co., up stairs.

n28 2t 2aw

LOTS FOR SALE.

16 x 50 VARA LOTS at the Mission Dolores. These lots are situated at the Mission, as the great thoroughfare from San Francisco to San Jose passes them. To farmers, [illegible] is a chance [illegible] grazing or farming, [illegible] and first rate [illegible] grain or vegetables, [illegible] gold digging—a fortune could soon be realized. For further particulars, apply to

NORMAN ASSING,
Proprietor of the Macao and Woosung Restaurant, opposite City Hotel, cor. Kearny and Commercial sts.

San Francisco, Nov. 28. n23 tf

RECEIVED PER STEAMER,

AND FOR SALE, a choice collection of Garden Seeds, in tins, hermetically sealed. Orders received up to the 10th December for the finest kinds of Forest Trees, such as Pear, Peach, Plum, Apricot, Apple, Gooseberry and Currant Bushes, deliverable here by the 15th of March, and in good order and condition for planting, or sale. All kinds of Horticultural Implements, Flower and Garden Seeds, &c.

J. S. WOODVILLE,
Gardener of the Agricultural and Horticultural Gardens, London, and late of New York. Office, Sansome st., corner of Jackson. n26 1w*

LAW BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

JUST RECEIVED—A large invoice of Law Books, which we offer for sale, viz: Civil Code of Louisiana, New Clerk's Assistant, 3d edition; Louisiana Digest, Starkie on Evidence, Chitty on Pleading, Blackstone's Commentaries, Jarman on Wills, Martins on Reports, Kaupman's Mazkeldy, Dealy's Digest, Benjamin & Slidell's Digest, enlarged; Chitty's General Index, &c. Also, a large assortment, too numerous to mention, for sale wholesale and retail by

COOKE & LE COUNT,
Booksellers and Stationers, [illegible]

DAILY PACIFIC NEWS.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1850.

AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC NEWS.

Sacramento City	Col. Joseph Grant.
San Jose	D. H. Mason.
Benicia	C. M. Davis.

☞ AGENTS WANTED in every City, Town and Village, to whom liberal advantages will be given. Orders for the PACIFIC NEWS will be duly attended to, if addressed to us post paid, and enclosing the cash.

☞ The WEEKLY PACIFIC NEWS will be re-commenced as soon as necessary arrangements can be completed. A STEAMER EDITION will be issued semi-monthly, on the sailing of each Mail Steamer.

"The Moral Aspect of California."

We do most cordially commend to the attention of our readers this morning, the "Thanksgiving Sermon," to be found on the first page. The author of this discourse, which was delivered from the pulpit Sunday, has observed things in our community with the clearest penetration: and being fitted by his early education at Harvard, and long residence in the south and west, to understand well all classes of citizens known as Americans, we consider Dr. Farley eminently qualified to speak on the subject of public morals. We gladly welcome him to our city, and hope that all his labors may tend to promote the welfare of the people of our young State.

The Unitarian Society, of which Dr. Farley is Pastor, hold their meetings for worship in Messrs. Robinson & Everard's Museum, which is one of the most commodious places for an assembly in the city. We are glad to learn, also, that the congregation, which includes many of our ablest and most intelligent citizens, are soon to erect a fine church edifice of brick, which shall be an ornament to San Francisco.

We hail this, and every like effort in our midst, with unfeigned pleasure. Ever since our connection with the press in California, it has been a leading design with us, to speak out, on all suitable occasions, in decided tones, in favor of a healthy and moral public sentiment. Dr. Farley has struck the same chord with the hand of a master, and we trust that soon the hydra-headed monster of vice will be completely scouted from our society.

The fact which has recently come to our knowledge, that very many of our citizens are now sending for their families to come out this winter, renders this moral movement of still greater import. Our society is to be improved, and the syren of music, which has resided in the halls of the gamblers, will henceforth sing, as we observed was done on the Plaza yesterday, to empty walls, or to those whose ears are stopped by the louder calls of duty and affection.

☞ Thank you, *Pic.* We receive your compliment of our personal beauty (we mean of the *News*, our own never having been called in question) as the offering of an honest heart, that beats always with the truest pulsations of friendship. Thine, our old friend, is a bosom ever active to sympathy, and in the trifling misfortunes that have shaded our path, we have found thee "true as steel," and thy grasp one that fails not to communicate the sincere and earnest feeling which animates thy soul to all men. Would to Heaven there were more such noble hearts—then would the treachery and disgust, the selfishness and envy which sow discord among men, be seldom met with, and the world act as becomes brethren of the same Father.

Democratic Paper in Oregon.—We are glad to welcome to our table the first number of a Democratic paper just started in the flourishing village of Milwaukie, Oregon. It is called the *Western Star*, and is published by L. Whitcomb, Esq., and edited by John O. Waterman, Esq. The paper is of large size, printed upon new material, and presents as creditable an appearance as any sheet in the Territory. It has our best wishes for its pecuniary success, as well as its satisfactory and efficient advocacy of Democratic principles and measures throughout the boundaries of our northern neighbor. We congratulate the Democracy of Oregon upon securing so able an organ.

City Loan.—Alderman Bartol made some very excellent remarks last evening, in the Board of Assistant Aldermen, on the state of the city finances. He recommended the sale of the city lots at auction, the scrip issued by the city being taken in payment for the same. The brokers were termed "land-sharks" in respect to their efforts and aims in relation to the city. The whole matter was exceedingly well treated, and meets our hearty approbation. Let the city once resolve upon this method, and the finances will at once be improved a hundred fold. We hope to see this ordinances passed immediately.

"Pen Knife Sketches."—We give, this morning, number four of the admirable jottings, by "Old Block." We have another number on hand, which we shall find room for in a day or two. Nothing descriptive of life in the mines, has ever been as truthful, or read so widely, and with as much interest. We shall take occasion to republish the whole series, by-and-by.

The City Hospital.—The Board of Aldermen have at length authorized the purchase of building for City Hospital purposes. The first Board last evening, concurred in the ordinance passed by the Assistants, appropriating $20,000 for the purchase of the Waverly House, on Pacific street.

Fresh Invoice.—T. P. Everett, at the New York Hat Emporium, Commercial street, received yesterday, per the Caroline Reed, a fresh invoice of navy caps, masters' and misses' hats and caps, ladies' bonnets, &c.

For Panama.—The next steamer for the States, will be the Unicorn, of the Mail Steamship Company, which will sail on Friday, the 13th inst.

Our First Side.—See first and fourth pages, for interesting reading matter.

Theatrical.—The benefit of Mrs. Kirby at the Jenny Lind Theatre last evening, was very well attended. The play was "Richelieu," in which Mr. Stark took the part of the Cardinal, and Mrs. Kirby, Julia. For the former, the character is too heavy for his capacity or style. Julia was played very well. The company should confine themselves to less difficult and lighter pieces.

The Dramatic Museum last evening was full, as usual. The performance commenced with the "Young Widow," and ended with "Dead Shot," and "Popping the Question." This company very properly confines itself to light pieces, and succeeds admirably.

The Adelphi opened last night with a theatrical company under the management of Mr. Wilson. The old play of "Theresa" was very well cast, though we have seen it done a good deal better, and much worse. Mrs. Mestayer played the Orphan with credit. The performance concluded with "A Glance at New York," a local extravaganza, in which the "Bowery B'hoy," Mose, the "gallus G'hal," Lize, and a verdant Yankee, are the principal characters. The play has no particular merit, but takes well with the fun-loving community. Mr. Bingham does not play "Mose" as well as Chanfrau, but he does very fairly, considering. Mrs. Mestayer's "Lize" was certainly "gallus" enough.

A good bill is presented for this evening, at all our places of amusement.

The Noisy Carrier.—The *Pic.* of last evening utters a terrific threat against the "Noisy Carrier," for his alleged abuse of its editor, in proclaiming him a candidate for the office of Alderman. The offence is heinous, certainly; for we do not know what our brother editor has done to deserve so great a punishment. It will palliate the offence of the said "noisy carrier," we will pledge ourselves to do our ——— to prevent your election; firstly, because we like you too well, and fourteenthly, because of a suspicion of Whiggery. We never supposed the Carrier did anything worse to people than putting their names in his *Directory*, which he publishes every day, in the "Pacific News." By the by, that Directory is a very handy affair, in so changeable and bustling a city as this, and we see some very good-looking names in it. A man might have his name in a worse place than that.

The Cartmen.—We do not suffer ourselves to speak in terms of wholesale blame or praise of an entire class, not even of the gamblers. But the fact cannot be disguised: all who walk the streets know it, and it may as well be said in print, as in conversation, that we have a great many bad cartmen.

The abuse of animals by some of them, has often been severely commented upon by the press, and their blocking up the streets, and general fierceness of manner, fully merit public odium. It is quite unsafe to attempt to pass the street for some of them, and the evil appears to be spreading itself. The Common Council long since attempted to restrain the various practices by which the people are made sufferers in consequence of them; but we believe that the ordinance requiring the numbering and registry of their carts, still "sleeps the sleep that knows no waking." At least it has been, for some four months now precisely *in statu quo*.

A Good Druggist.—The attention of all considerate persons has been more than ever called to the subject of proper care in the putting up of physicians' prescriptions, since the indictment for manslaughter of the apothecary in Boston. Pharmaceutical skill is not all that is necessary in a "reliable apothecary." He needs great care and much experience. These qualifications of the profession we conceive to be happily combined in our old neighbor, Samuel Adams, now in Washington street, above Montgomery, south side. Mr. A., like ourselves, lost everything by the destructive fire of September 17th, and we are glad to see that he enjoys so much of the confidence of the community, as to be again engaged in a flourishing business. He enjoys, we know, the confidence of all our best physicians.

From Oregon.—The California arrived from Oregon yesterday, bringing us our full files of papers, for which we are indebted to Mr. Lott, the Purser. The California and the Gold Hunter left this port on the same day, but when the former left Astoria on her return, the latter had not arrived. We understand that the California experienced very heavy weather, and the probability is, that the Gold Hunter also encountered the same severe gale, and may have been delayed in consequence.

A Proposition.—A proposition came before the Common Council, last evening, giving the Street Commissioner authority to employ a person to number the buildings of the city, at two dollars per number, and compelling the owners or occupants to pay that amount. The proposition was as ridiculous as the strabismus street, and was at once laid upon the table.

A Health Department.—The Board of Aldermen, last evening, concurred in the ordinance creating a Health Department for the city, and resolved to meet in joint convention, on Friday evening next, for the purpose of making the appointments named in the bill—physician and assistant physician, steward, matron, &c., to the City Hospital.

Knocked Down and Robbed.—Mr. William Hall, of this city, while viewing the sights of Sacramento, by candle-light, on Saturday evening, with a couple of casual acquaintances, was knocked down and robbed of $1,000. His *friends* were arrested, and the amount recovered.

Sisters of Charity.—It is announced that twelve sisters of charity are about to embark at Brest, to found an establishment at Honolulu, the capital of the Sandwich Island, by invitation from King Kamehameha III.

Record of the City Courts.

District Court.—Several civil cases of which we make no mention, were disposed of yesterday.

In the case of *The People vs. Emile Vieville*, indicted for forgery, defendant, by attorney, withdrew his original plea and pleaded "guilty."

Alex. George vs. Mathew Madigan.—Judgment confessed, and ordered that defendant pay the sum of $839 50, with costs.

Francis S. Hathaway, vs. A. M. Van Nostrand.—Judgment for plaintiff for the sum of $1762,60.

The People vs. George Davis, colored man.—Indictment for grand larceny. The evidence was pretty strong against defendant, but the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty. Noyes for defendant.

The People, &c. vs. James Carpenter, charged with embezzlement. This case was continued over to next term, and defendant released on giving his recognizance in the sum of $500.

Samuel Webb et al. vs. W. Latimer.—Judgment for plaintiff of $666 67.

Superior Court.—Chief Justice Shattuck, presiding.

Abijah P. Everett, Theodore Shillaber and *James J. Jarvis vs. The Steamer Chesapeake.* Judgment by default.

Caesar Schnefee vs. Pastor Oralli. The Court overruled the motion to strike out amended complaint, and gave defendant five days to answer.

Barstow & Pope vs. Miner. The trial of this case was resumed, and occupied the Court during the day. The Jury rendered a sealed verdict. McAlister & Edwards for plaintiffs, Chetwood & Edwards for defendant.

Recorder's Court.—The docket for yesterday shows that our worthy Recorder had his hands full. Quite a number were subjected to fines for disorderly conduct.

Robert Menteith for disorderly conduct sentenced to five day's imprisonment.

Wm. Whittaker, for an assault was fined $50, and sentenced to ten day's imprisonment.

W. E. Reese, for assaulting an officer, was fined $50.

Robert H. Still, for an assault with threats, was fined $30, and bound over in the sum of $1000 to keep the peace.

James Hetherington, for an assault with intent to kill: continued over for to-day.

The case of John B. Bolton, charged with stealing $6000 from Mr. Strover, was sent up to the District Court, bail fixed at $3000.

During the investigation of the case of Grancini who was presented by Dr. Rabe for being engaged in a business which endangered his property,—that of burning tar,—Grancini charged Dr. Rabe with mrking a false statemont. Dr. R. under great excitement seized Grancini by the collar, at the same time threatening him with a *battery*. The Recorder promptly interposed his authority, and fined Rabe $25, and Grancini $15.

Lacertus Agilis.—For want of a better name, we apply the above to an extremely active little animal of the lizard family, which for eight months of the year is almost everywhere seen, nimbly coursing over the roads and paths from this place to Cape San Lucas. He darts about in the hot sunshine, as if iu very mockery of the dryness of the soil and of the scorching beams of the King of Day. Every gaping fissure in the ground, and every heap of drifted sand, as well as every green tree, has been thoroughly explored by him: and his little tracks are scattered all over the yielding surface of the dirt-heap. Be he a good or a bad spirit, he is incessantly astir, and delights himself with running all about your person and baggage, whenever, in burning summer, you attempt to take a *siesta*, at noon day, beneath the wide-spreading branches of a green tree.

Them Gimlet Holes.—Some one, we perceive, probably the Street Commissioner, has been acting on our suggestion, and has "quietly put through" quite a number of these apertures, so necessary for the proper drainage of our planked streets. By the way, it is strange, considering the variety of points at which the work of planking was begun, that so "tight a fit" was finally made of it. Wonder how they did it? Won't this explain all the "strabismus" they talk about? The "sag" in the "nor'-west" corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, sure, had something of this "natur" to have produced it.

California Flowers.—We shall, in a few months, again be delighted by the annual return of these elegant visitants. Now is the time to send home their seeds which can be procured of Still, near the Post Office. Next to a daguerreotype, no present could be more acceptable to our friends in the Atlantic States. No doubt these seeds would germinate in other soils, and produce flowers in all the perfection of beauty with which they are clothed here.

The Place for Printers.—The Oregon *Spectator* assures us that in that territory "no person ever thinks of any such thing as cheating the printer." If this be so, it will require only about one half the patronage to support papers, that they require in the States. No class of mechanics work so hard for their money, and none lose as much of their just dues, as printers. We are glad Oregon forms an exception to so general a rule.

Narrow Escape.—A lumber wagon was yesterday morning turned over in the ditch on Kearny street, near the City Hall, and the driver for several seconds was buried beneath a portion of the load. Several persons ran immediately to his assistance, and relieved him from his awkward situation before he had suffered seriously.

New Head.—The *Pic.* sported a tasty new "head" last evening. Glad to see it; looks well, and indicates prosperity.

Common Council Proceedings.

Board of Aldermen.—*Present*, Ald. Green, Selover, Minturn, Sewart, Middleton, Leonard.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Petitions—Of Dr. Peter Smith, praying for immediate action of the Common Council, to redeem $43,000 in scrip, issued to him in payment of dues for City Hospital; referred to Finance Com.

Communications—From the Street Commissioner, enclosing the assessment roll for Pacific street, from Kearny to Dupont; assessment confirmed. From the City Collector, transmitting a statement of the amount of moneys received to date, as follows: taxes received, $149,385 37; licenses in July, before the law was repealed, $669 80; licenses since August, $27,449—making an aggregate of $177,504 17. The Assessors' books show $221,000 as the amount due the city, on real and personal estate.

An ordinance passed by the Assistants, authorizing the purchase of the Waverly House at $20,000, in city scrip, for Hospital purposes, was concurred in.

Ald. Middleton presented sundry bills for expenses at the City Hospital, &c., which were ordered paid.

An ordinance from the second board, creating the office of Clerk of the City Treasurer, with a salary of $5,000 per year, was referred to the Finance Com.

An ordinance appropriating $5,000 for the services of himself and assistants for the City Collector, was passed.

The Com. on Streets reported in favor of permitting Wm. Burling to build a sidewalk on Davis street; adopted.

The petition of J. J. Parcells, asking to be relieved for loss on city scrip, was referred to the Finance Committee.

An ordinance creating the office of Wharfinger of the city wharves, defining his duties, pay, &c., was laid upon the table.

A message was received from the Mayor, enclosing a deed of Leidesdorff street, from Howard & Green, to the city.

The Street Commissioner reported that he had negotiated for the Crescent City House, on Portsmouth Square, for $6,000, necessary for the opening of Merchant street. The Board concurred in the purchase of the house and lot at $25,000.

A resolution authorizing the Street Commissioner to employ some one to number the houses, was laid on the table.

The bill passed by the assistants, establishing a Health Department, was called up and concurred in.

A petition from M. Rudsdale was referred to the Com. on Streets.

The Board of Health reported that they had expended all the money granted them for city purposes. An ordinance passed by the Assistants, appropriating $5,000, was concurred in.

The Board resolved to meet in Joint Convention on Friday evening, for the purpose of appointing the officers for the City Hospital under the Health Department ordinance.

Adjourned to meet on Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

Board of Assistants.—Present, Ald. Bartoll, (President) Grant, Corbitt, Van Ness, Morris, and Green.

Minutes read and approved.

Petitions. From Peter Smith for compensation in consequence of depreciation of city scrip. Of E. A. McGinnis to be appointed Apothecary to the City Hospital. Placed on file

Reports of Committees. Of Com. on Finance in favor of compensation for loss on depreciated scrip, sustained by John Cochrane, which report was not received.

Communications. Of Street Commissioner, reporting assessment on Pacific street from Kearny to Dupont, with accompanying ordinance, which was concurred in.

Message. Of the Mayor, approving bill for purchasing Broadway wharf. This we consider very justly done.

Ordinances. Defining the duties and fixing the rates of City Guager; non concurred in. For aid in prosecuting suit against J. L. Folsom, Withell & Boy, and Laffan: Ordinance concurred in. Reporting assessment list on certain streets, concurred in. Granting Macondray & Co. leave to build a railroad across Battery street. Concurred in.

The resolution authorising the payment of $25,000 for the Crescent House; concurred in. Granting $5000 for pay of Deputy Collector up to April 30, 1850. To pay debts incurred by Board of Health to the amount of $5000; passed to be engrossed.

Ald. Bartol reported an Ordinance in favor of selling the city lots. Laid upon the table till next meeting.

Resignation. Of Wm. McGibbon as City Weigher; accepted.

[At this point a gentleman from without asked if permission could be given to a citizen to address the meeting! to which the answer, "no," was returnd.]

Adjourned.

California Lumps.—Large lumps of California *oro* are becoming so common in the States, as not to attract special attention. In a recent States paper, we find one of these lumps noticed as follows:

> *Valuable Lump of Gold.*—Messrs. Willis & Co., of Boston, have received by the Cherokee, a single lump of gold quartz, weighing twenty-four pounds, worth about $5,000. This extraordinary specimen has been purchased by a returned Californian, who intends to exhibit it in this country.

The Rains.—Yesterday was as changeable as ever was the most fickle of woman-kind. Now tearful nature wept in showers, and anon beamed out in her most witching smiles of sunshine. It is by the power of such influences that she becomes the fruitful and happy mother of the sweet flowers of spring-time, and of the rich fruits of autumn. Thus passes the winter in California.

Desirable Goods.—We take pleasure in calling attention to the advertisement of Mr. Wm. G. Badger, of Sansome street, who has on hand and is constantly receiving goods specially selected for this market. We feel sure from the known character of Mr. B., that all who once deal with him will, without fail, call to trade again.

For President.—The Wisconsin Statesman, published at Madison, hoists the name of Millard Fillmor for President in 1852, subject to the decision of a National Convention.

Deaths by Cholera.—For the forty-eight hours ending yesterday noon, twenty-two cases and eighteen deaths, by cholera were reported.

Baltimore and California.—Baltimore has shipped to the gold regions of California, in seven months, from January to August, goods to the value of $1,107,000.

A Cholera Subject.—About 12 o'clock last night, we found a fellow sleeping on a pile of rubbish in front of one of our auction stores. A fit cholera subject.

BY LAST NIGHT'S BOAT.

Sacramento Intelligence.

Our thanks are due to J. W. Gregory, of the Express, for Sacramento papers of yesterday morning.

The most gratifying intelligence is the fact that the *Transcript* has hoisted the Democratic Flag, and "promptly enters the lists" in behalf of the good old cause. We announce this fact with the greatest gratification.

The Democratic Convention, which met on Saturday, put in nomination Vincent E. Geiger for member of Assembly. We shall give the proceedings to-morrow.

The Sacramento papers are filled with an account of the Festival of the Sons of New England, which came off at the Columbia Hotel, Saturday evening. According to the published accounts, it was a magnificent affair.

A young man named Samuel Slocum, of Salem, N. Y., fell overboard from the steamer New World, Saturday afternoon, and was drowned.

Six candidates for the vacant Mayorality, have already been nominated.

Correspondence of the Pacific News.

City of Mexico, Nov. 4, 1850.

Messrs Editors:—The government at present exhibits a great deal of energy. The services on the frontiers, headed by men of distinction, have been carried on very admirably. Another lot of goods has been confiscated at Camargo, consisting of one hundred and seventy-two bales. At Vera Cruz they unloaded sixteen vessels in one day to prevent their destruction by the Northers, which made that port more unsecure than in the past. Our ports on the Pacific withstood all attempts at a revolution, and are doing well by increased commerce, and wharfs are being constructed at Acapulco and Mazatlan. The public roads are also a great deal safer than they were a short time ago, several robbers having been hung and others shot.

The pronunciamiento at Cuantla (twenty-four leagues from here) has likewise been quashed, and everything looks brilliant at first sight. But the legislature, for the sake of providing government with the means of displaying their energy, has ruined the commerce, and caused immense losses by the suspension of all payments except salaries and the instalments of the British loan, the only nation they are afraid of. They try to raise money in any way, and as no one will lend them a cent, knowing their bad faith, they employ the funds destined for the most sacred contracts, in paying themselves and their columns of safety, the troops, on whom they have to rely by loosing the affections of the people.

Messrs. Manning and Marshall, the most enterprising merchants in this country, bought two years since, from Mr. Garay, his privilege for the construction of a railroad or canal on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, but the sum paid by government for said privilege (which included a grant of ten leagues of land on both sides, and for the whole length of said road) having passed, the government refuses now to pass by those favorable conditions, and wishes to leave said communication of the two oceans open to the competition of other companies. Manning and Marshall, under date April 16, 1849, made a solemn protest against the act of government, which deprives them of the benefit of said privilege, asking for a farther extension of the same, by granting the use of the port of Anton Lizard, and the navigation on the bar of Alvarado and the Papaloapan river, till the bar of the Guagacualoo be made navigable. The new project laid before Congress by Mr. Levy, who appears to be authorized by an American company, puts these two parties in direct opposition, and the whole world is interested in its result.

At Vera Cruz a large aquaduct is going to be built, carrying spring water from Medchin to the wharf, for providing vessels in the quickest and cheapest manner with this precious element.

The cargadores, or carriers, who are crowding in every corner of the city, and who make a fair living by the immense number of goods and bags of money which daily change hands, have lately been submitted to new regulations: every one has to take out a patent, who wishes to establish as a cargador, and a certificate of honesty, signed by various merchants, is required for this situation. This act is of great importance to the Mexican commerce, as formerly many thieves meddled with these workmen, and frequently they abstracted a bag of money or a bale of goods, when employed carrying them, as it is almost a matter of impossibility to watch a row of ten or more carriers, walking slower or faster, and loaded with 5000 to $8000 each in Mexican eagles, the only currency for bills of exchange. It is astonishing what an enormous weight these men will carry on their backs by a leather string hung over their forehead. I often saw them carry ten bags, which weigh about six hundred pounds, and at the mines there are men who will raise the shaft with even a larger weight of metal in their tenates, or leather bags, suspended to their forehead. This does not however, make them actually *blockheads*, as they are very cunning in picking a dollar from a bag without leaving a trace. They generally receive six and a half cents for each bag of money of one thousand dollars, and twelve and a half cents for any other package.

The last reports from Sierra Gorda are rather afflicting. The famous robber Luciano Salazar, who escaped a long time from being caught, was made a prisoner the other day when robbing an arrico at the head of twenty-four men, but the authorities of Jalpan were so much afraid of him and his friends, that they released him without punishment. The curato Xichir appears to second a revolution in these quarters. Instead of instructing the Indians, he preaches destruction against the landlords, and has caused the ruin of various haciendas. Yours,

X.

Mortality Record.—Deaths in San Francisco, reported for the Pacific News, by N. Gray, City Sexton:

Dec. 2—Rich'd S. McNamee, 45, Pa.; cholera.
Martin Vega, 49, Chili; "
Marshall Root, 48, N. Bedford; "
Geo. Woodruff, 27, N. J.; "
Wm. Smith, 32, England; "
Samuel Anderson, 26, N. Y.; "
Alfred Sacay, 45, France; "
Santiago H. Vives, 30, Spain; "
James McAlister, 30, Liverpool; "
N. N. Collins, 42, N. Y.
Mexican woman, 25.

☞ The principles of a party are its life's blood—they constitute its vitality—if they are wrong all else is unavailing, and they being right it is of less consequence what policy as to men, is adopted.

Pen-Knife Sketches.—No. 4.

BY AN OLD BLOCK.

The Trader.—Mules are used in the transportation of provisions and merchandize over the high ridges and difficult steeps beyond Onion Valley, for as yet no ground suitable for a wagon road has been found. The latter place is about ten miles north-east of Grass Valley, and the hard frosts almost every night in the year, with the bank of snow on the brow of the mountain, remind the traveller that if Heaven is above, as is generally supposed, he is nearer to it here by five or six thousand feet than when he left the valley of the Sacramento. From Onion Valley we ascend the mountain by a good trail, about a mile, when we reach an inclined plain which inclines us to an inclination to practice the hold back step the next five miles, for we approach the Middle Fork of Feather River by a series of benches, down whose steep sides zigzag paths are cut for mules. The trail is on a high ridge, which in one place is barely wide enough for a mule path for several rods, over rocky steps, and should an animal lose its footing, it would be precipitated on either side into the bottom of a gulph probably two thousand feet deep. Accidents do sometimes occur, and several mules have been lost this season on their passage to the Middle Fork. [Note by Old Block: In every instance they have fallen *down*. We are not cognizant of a single mule's falling *up* the hill.]

We might go on with a description of the country for a hundred miles farther; but, gentle reader, thou art tired of such descriptions, and we are tired writing them, so please imagine that the steam in the bowels of the earth got higher than the boiler could hold, and made one grand burst, scattering creation into fragments, raising hills, from the summits of which you would shout incontinently, "kingdoms, to the right wheel—march!" and gulches that Tophit is not a circumstance to, (though I have not been *there yet*) popping up volcanos like eternal smokepipes on the most grand scale, scarrifying and burning rocks and earth to a sort of metallic paste, with as many shades as our razor strop man exhibits in his basket as he peddles strops on long wharf—and you will get an idea of the country. Even the "Old Bryant" can't show as great a variety beneath its friendly roof, as the view from the top of one of these old volcanoes.

In this sterile and isolated region, where the strongest inducements only prompt men to reside, where the necessaries of life are all that is expected, and where the smile of dear woman is never seen to sweeten the weary hours of man's labours, are found a class of men who are drawn thither for the same purpose with the honest miner—the pursuit of wealth. Here, as well as in the valley, and among the lesser hills, the *Trader* finds his way, and he is as necessary in his vocation, as the rocker to the digger of gold. Hundreds and thousands go into the mines without sufficient means to obtain supplies, depending on their success to get them there, while others who could have provided themselves with provisions, do not choose to go to the expense of buying mules, for which they will have no use when at work, as well as running the risk of having them stolen or killed by the Indians, starving on the bare rocks, or in the dry, dense pine forests of the mountains. To furnish supplies, then, to these men, with the hope of profit, the trader takes these risks, and where wagons cannot go, long trains of mules are seen, climbing and descending precipitous and sideling mountains, when a single mistep, would hurl them into eternity, with motley cargoes of flour, kegs of pork and liquor, bags of beans, boxes, bales, and sacks of sundries, to supply the stores located on the bars, and in the largest settlements.

Look a moment at the tall, sandy haired, thin faced, good natured *hombre* at the mouth of Nelson's Creek. When the Gold Lake fever broke out, he caught the infection, and, together with mining operations, opened a *Tienda* between heaven and earth, on Feather River. With infinite toil the mules were driven up from the valley, and a building, a place of safe keeping, and for doing business, was to be erected. With much trouble poles were cut to form a frame, and carried a long distance over yielding earth, along the hill side to a spot dug out of the bank where the store was to stand, then the cloth roof was easily spread, and boughs formed the sides. Next come counters, shelves, a table and stools. To get these, large trees are felled, cut the requisite length, split and hewn smooth with the axe, for whenever a board or plank of any size is wanted, it is only obtained by perhaps half a day's labor. But "*veni, vidi, vici,*" The store was finished, the goods opened, and it thus became a prominent trading post.

With indefatigable energy the trader overcomes all obstacles, and doffing the custom, comforts and refinements of—what shall we say—San Francisco! you see him now, with a miner's beard, dressed in a miner's shirt and pants, and full of good natured jokes, he adopts the miner's idiom, and prospects for gold in the gulches of these pockets, for value received. Although on the whole they are more successful than the miners, as a body, their good nature and desire to oblige often overflows their diggins, and not their profits alone, but their capital is sometimes swept off by a flood system of credit. Men who are at work in the neighborhood with fair prospects and but little in hand, frequently apply for credit for provisions which the trader finds it impossible to refuse, for he cannot see men starve, and too often the poor debtor's "claim" fails, and he cannot pay if he would, and he is compelled to leave the trader minus his bill.

I know a district of country where seven-eighths of the miners were supplied with provisions by traders, the payment for which was predicated on their claim, supposed to be good. The claim failed, they could not pay, and dispersed, owing heavy debts for their very bread. There are good business men who have from five to fifteen thousand dollars of such debts, from which, in all likelihood, they will never receive a tenth part, and thus the poor fellows are obliged to be the cause of loss to others. It is easy enough to *say* "I wont trust," but just go into the mines once, and if you don't give *some* credit I'll give you my wig (when I get one) for a bird's nest. You will—I say it, for I know it.

The store is the headquarters of the settlement during the hours of leisure. The trader is the general receptacle of news, either as an express agent, or from his position in seeing more of the wandering Esaus from the Valley, and the miner sends through him to the post office, his hopes, his fears, his love, the whole outpouring of his very soul, written in burning words, to those who are dearer to him than all the world, and for whose sake he exiles himself, or receives through the same channel, with a glistening eye, the long, long expected letter from Home. Like the miner, the trader becomes a scientific housekeeper and renovater. He bends as gracefully over a washtub, (made from an old barrel sawed in two,) as he did over the counter in Clay street, in descanting on the merits of blonde edging to the beautiful Miss ——. He rolls up his sleeves and puts his hands into the dough with as much skill as he ever made an entry in a blotter, and as for frying a piece of bacon, why, Delmonico's cook can't beat him—in fact he'd take the grease out of him ;" and as for needle-work, there isn't a Jew in a single clothing store in the city, who can show as handsome a patch on any of the pants as [My pen-knife shut up or you'd a nick to take off your wire edge]—and without a blush he steps from behind the counter to darn a stocking or sew on a button, with no fear of aristocratic frowns from *un*-entitled Upper Tens.

Among the accommodations which the trader keeps, besides those necessaries of life, brandy, whisky and tobacco, are plenty of playing cards, and almost any hour in the day you will see a clan of mountain *hombres*, whiling away their leisure time—sometimes their dust, in a little innocent game of euchre, poker or "old sledge," just for fun, though it is not uncommon to see it like that of Tam O'Shanter's witches.

As a general thing the trader of the mountains is honorable in his dealings, though "keeping his eye skinned" for good prices, kind to those in want, pays his debts if he can, is industrious, energetic and persevering, and is more generally successful than the miner, without his toil and exposure.

OLD BLOCK.

"The Noisy Carrier."

MR. EDITOR: I noticed in the *Picayune*, this evening, that if you did not silence that Noisy Carrier, he would come up dead, some of these fine evenings, with the cholera.

Now, Mr. Editor, WE, that is, the "Noisy Carrier," and I, (for we have been so long together, that it means the same thing,) do not want to be silenced, a bit; first, because that would be contrary to our principles; and last, because we shall not allow any body to do it. But as for the cholera, oh! horrid! Our Great Foe, shivers already. And what would our mammas say, and then there's somebody else. Oh dear! Aint this a dreadful predicament to be in. If stop our noise We certainly shall die, and if we dont, we've got to die, sure. And all this too, beausee belonging, as we do, to those professing the largest liberty. We took the responsibility to nominate, and we fully intended to vote for the man we consider the most capable. And as for abuse, why, really, General, you may ask a thousand pardons for us, and we will stand up to it like "winking," for where we come from, everybody thought unbribed nomination wasabout as good as the one that the candidate paid a good price for. By the way, however, if our candidate declines, we must submit, and use our influence for the one we consider next best.

CHAS. P. KIMBALL.

THE TEXAN SENATOR.—The vote in the Legislature of Texas on the 26th ult., which resulted in the re-election of Mr. Rusk to the United States Senate for six years from the 4th of March next, is thus given by the New Orleans *Picayune*.—Rusk, 56; Wigfall, 3; J. B. Miller, 1; scattering, 4.

DEMOCRATIC GAIN IN MAINE.—From the returns of ninety towns added up in the Boston *Atlas*, it appears that the Democrats have gained on the popular vote:

	1850.		1849.
Hubbard, Dem., - -	15,679		13,345
Crosby, Whig, - - -	14.531	Hamlin	12,583
Talbot, Free Soil - -	3,077		3,154
	33,287		29,082
Democratic increase - -			2,334
Whig increase - - - -			1,948
Free Soil loss - - - -			77
Hubbard better than last year - -			463

☞ A Parisian theatrical critic was recently handsomely overreached by a manager. He had learned that Mery, the celebrated critic, was going to tear to pieces a new play, and that he had already written the terrible *feuilleton*. The play was to appear on Sunday night, and the criticism next morning. Orders were given to refuse admission to M. Mery, the other pieces on the programme were played first, and then the manager came forward and pleaded the sickness of an actress as an excuse for the non-appearance of the new piece. The critic got the worst of it, for his attack appeared next morning, and the laugh was against him.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.—Our English contemporaries, we are glad to perceive, are beginning to see the necessity of cultivating a intimate acquaintance with us. It is an encouraging sign, and we must congratulate our friends upon the progress they have made in the knowledge of American politics and literature. Indeed, on some points they know far more already than we do, with a long intimacy with them. For instance, a London magazine, in an article on American politics, gives the following novel information:

"In 1848 Gen. Taylor became President. He was opposed by Van Buren, who, though a member of the Democratic party, had a strong *majority in Massachusetts*, and in many of the Whig States as an Abolitionist, so completely has this question superseded all others in the present state of American feeling."

Another leading statesman, with whom we are unacquainted, is introduced as Mr. *Burton*, the *deputy* for Missouri, who *during thirty years* has refused to obey the mandate of his constituents to vote against the 'Wilmot Proviso.'"—[Noah's Messenger.

BIRTHS.

On the 12th instant, Mrs. James Athey, of Linn City, Oregon, of a daughter.

On the 18th inst., Mrs. James M Moore, of Linn City, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

On the 26th inst., in Oregon, by Eld. Isom Cranfill, Mr. John C. Hacket and Miss Easther Elled Johnson, all of Clackamas county.

By Rev. J. S. Griffin, in Tualatin Plains, Oregon, Oct. 26th, Mr. John Spence and Miss Margaret Flett, both of Washington county.

On the 15th inst., by the Rev. H. Clark, Mr. Samuel W. Shannan and Miss Sarah Jane Porter, both of Washington county, P. T.

DIED.

In Oregon City, on the 13th inst., after a few hours illness, Mr. George M. Williams, aged about 23 years, formerly of Libesty, Clay County, Mo.

In Sacramento City, of typhoid fever, Rev. A. A. Anderson, pastor of the Roman Catholic Church, Sacramento City, aged 35 years.

IMPORTATIONS.

Per Eleanor—330 tons coal, 330 deals, 98 bundles iron, 15 pigs, 6 casks nails, 7 casks hardware, 17 boxes mustard, 1 box tools.

Per Orphan—844 tons coal.

Per Bolton Abby—800 tons coal.

Consignees.

Per Eleanor—W. DeDrudane & Co., Goddefroy, Sillem & Co.

PASSENGERS.

Per Zaine—R W Fishman, lady and 2 children, Mr Massalki and lady, W W Boston.

Per Eleanor—E Crogan.

Per steamship California—Col. Loring, USA, and serv't, Major Beynolds, USA, A S Abernethy, L May, J B Lynde, T J Moore, I H Kirby, Fred'k Dunbar, John Edmonds, Geo A Dunn, Jas Campbell, O Mattoon, A Cousy, S Coney, Wm Boosh, Geo T Wallace, E Holt, L Crawford, B Durkey, Wm Green, I T Dillon, Mrs Dillon, Wm Engin A I Hyde, J Harpole.

MARINE NEWS.

[illegible] MONDAY, Dec. 2d.

Cleared,

Schr G H Montague, Mix, Panama.
Schr Cynosure, Douglass, S Islands.
Br Brig Daily Harvy, Hay, Tahiti.
Schr Onward, Hudgins, Callao, 1 pass.

Arrived,

Ship Orphan, Williams, 163 ds fm Casdiff, via Panama 58 ds, with coal to master.

Brig Zaine, Rogers, 50 ds fm Panama, in ballast to Flint Peabody, 6 ps, 2 females.

Br bk Eleanor, Ttrettwell, 170 ds fm Liverpool via Valparaiso 42 ds, with coal to Cross & Co, 1 ps.

Br ship Bolton Abby, Smith, 175 ds fm Liverpool, with coal to Mr Robinson.

Schr Mary Filkins, Saunders, 239 ds fm New Orleans, via Valparaiso 60 ds, merchandise to order.

Steamer California, Budd, 50 hours fm Oregon, 26 ps, merchandise to Gilmor Meredith.

Memoranda.

Per Zaine—W W Forsaith of Boston, formerly foreman of the Boston Times, died of fever Oct 17th.

Per Orphan—George Rice, seaman, a native of Liverpool died Nov 7th.

Per California—The C experienced a heavy gale from the 26th to the night of the 29th. The Gold Hunter was not off the bar of the Columbia river, where the California left on the 28th ult. at 11 A M.

Spoken.

Per Orphan—Fov 17th, Lat 16.12 N, 117.15 W, schr Capacity for this port Nov 18th, 20.45 N, 125.20 W, exchanged signals with a British bork, showing Marryatt's signal No. 2134, supposed to be the Vanguard, standing to N.

Per Eleanor—Sept. 24th, Lat. 56 S, 67 W, bark William from Newport.

Domestic Ports.

ASTORIA, O.T.—ARRIVALS.

Nov. 6—Brig Wasson, Anderson, fm San Francisco.
Schr Orbit, Fay, Puget Sound.
9—Bark Keoka, Hall, San Francisco.
11—Brig Emily Farnham, Tichenor, San Francisco.
Bark Ocean Bird, T A Hall, San Francisco.
Bark Louisiana, McKendry, San Francisco.
26—Brig Reindeer, Batchelder, San Francisco.
Schr Crescent City, Percival, San Francisco.
27—Schr Merchantman, Morse, San Francisco.
Schr Matthew Vassar, Duhs, San Francisco.

CLEARANCES.

Nov. 2—Bark Gold Hunter, Jackson, for San Francisco.
Schr Urania, Jenkins, "
10—Brig Tarbuina, Molthrop, "
11—Brig Seguin, Cutting, "
12—Bark Alice Tarlton, Raynes, "
18—Schr Eagle, Dixey, "
22—Brig Anne E Maine, Baker, "
Bark Arco Iris, Colburn, "
Eng brig Mary Dare, Mouatt, for Honolulu.
27—Brig Chatham, Barstow, for San Francisco.

Foreign Ports.

HONOLULU—IN PORT, Nov. 2, 1850.

Brig Noble, Robertson.
Bark Auckland, Jennings.
Ship Canada, Beauvais.
Brig Copiapo.
Ship Amazon, Vincent.
Ship Flavius, Rogers.
Schr Enigma, Stavers.
Brig Fortunio, Hasty.
Bark Trueman, Doane.
Bark Sarah Hooper, Bunkey.
Ship E Warwick, Whiting.
Eng. brigan Henrietta, Waugh.
Philomela, Jewett.
Schr George Hallett, Howes.
Chil. schr. Elizabeth, Anquetil.
Sweed bark Antelope, Lubeck.
Schr Spartacus, Harris.
Brig Brothers, Walden.
Eng Eleanor Lancaster, Lodge.
Eng ship H Walker, Campbell.
Bark Connecticut, Penhallow.
U. S. brig Dolphin, Lt Page.
Ship Geo Davis, Cutter.
Fr brigan J Lucie, Hache.

WHALERS.

Ship James Allen, Smith.
Bark Ranger, Deberry.
Ship D Webster, Meader.
Ship Abigail, Young.
Nimrod, Shearman.
William Tell, Taber.
Euprhates, Crosby.
Ship Gustave, Hardoy.
Bark Marcus, Babcock.
Ship Pioneer, Hathaway.
Ship Tuscany, Halsey.
Ship Liverpool 2d, West.
Ship Awashonks, Smith.
German bark Joseph Heyden, Goosman.
Ship Luminary, Norton.
Ship Moctezuma, Tower.
Ship Mechanic, Potter.
Ship Henry Kneeland, Clark.
Ship Coriolanus, McGinley.
Seip India, Swift.
Ship Hellespont, Manwaring.
Seip Hannibal, Grey.
Seip Rotch, Kempton
Fr ship Orion, Hache.
Nile, Saillard.
Bark Cherokee, Cleveland.
Bark Covington, Devoll.
Schr Tuscarora, Leek,
Schr M Scott, Luce.
Bark Washington, Corwin.
Fr bark Asia, Maison.
Ship John, Anderson.
Ship Tyler, Barber.
Ship Waverley, Neal.
Ship Caroline, Plaskett.
Fr bark Salamander, Gaedon.
Fr ship Cosmopolite, Cambriere.
Ship Julian, Taber.
Ship L C Richmond, Noston.
Ship Rajah, West.
Ship Newark, Dickens.
Bark Alice, Smith.
Brem Ship Republic, Austin.
Ship Copia, Taber.
Bark J E Donnell, Bennett.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ Notice.—Mr. H. F. Hoyt, who purchased a lot of shingles from ship VICTORIA, is hereby notified that if he does not call for the same THIS DAY, Tuesday, 3d inst., they will be sold for his account.
CHARLES MINTURN, Agent,
d3 1t Cunningham's Wharf.

☞ Notice.—If any one has any accounts against F. H. Southworth, they are requested to present the same immediately, as he will leave the city for a few weeks.
d3 1t* F. H. SOUTHWORTH.

☞ Justice of the Peace.—ORRIN BAILEY will open his office on the 4th inst in the Brick Building on Clay street, between Montgomery and Kearny.

☞ Phrenological Lecture.—JOHN S. HITTELL of Hamilton, Ohio, Professor of Phrenology, will deliver a Lecture THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at Judge Shattuck's Court Room, in the second story of the Court House. *Subject*—Principles and Evidences of Phrenology. The Lecture will close with blindfold examinations. Admittance 50 cents. d2 1t*

☞ Notice.—Consignees per steamer GOLD HUNTER, are hereby notified that all freight by this vessel will be landed on Cunningham's Wharf, THIS DAY, and their attention to receipt of same solicited.
CHARLES MINTURN, Agent,
n20 Cunningham's Wharf.

☞ Notice.—The subscriber will leave for the States per steamer Carolina, and has appointed Mr. I. C. WOODS his Attorney during his temporary absence.
ADAMS & CO. are about making arrangements to establish their Express to and from New Orleans.
o31 2m D. H. HASKELL.

☞ Notice.—Ship W. H. HARBECK, from New York. Consignees are again notified that she commenced to discharge at Cunningham's Wharf, THIS DAY, and as dispatch is all-important, all goods on which freight is not paid, will have to be stored as soon as landed.
CHARLES MINTURN, Agent,
n27 4t Cunningham's Wharf.

☞ Notice.—The ship NISIDA STEWART, from New York, has commenced discharging. Consignees will please call at the office of the undersigned, and receive orders for their goods.
GILMOR MEREDITH,
n29 4t Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets.

☞ Notice.—Masters of Vessels requiring Pilots outward, or wishing to settle Pilotage bills, will please call at the Office, corner of Montgomery and California streets opposite the Custom House, or at Charles Minturn's Office of steamer Senator and NewWorld, Clark's Point.
W. J. BURNSIDE, } Agents.
o1 JAMES NELSON, }

TO PRINTERS.

A LOT of Printing materials, just received, consisting of Paper, Ink, Type, Office Furniture, &c., which the subscribers offer for sale at their store on Sansome street, near Jackson street.
d3 GRAYSON, GUILD & LIGHTNER.

FOR RENT.—The second story of the large Iron Warehouse on Sansome street, near Jackson. The location is one of the best in the city for business, and has facilities in the rear for direct communication with lighters.
GRAYSON, GUILD & LIGHTNER,
d3 on the premises.

WYCKOFF & CO.

MONTGOMERY STREET, between Washington and Jackson streets, offer for sale, per recent arrivals,
100 half bbls No. 1 Mackerel
200 do do do
200 kitts do do
80 bbls prime Pork, afloat
Connecticut Shad, and a general assortment of groceries for city and country dealers. n3 1m

REMOVAL.

CALLARD & CO., well known Shipping Merchants, have removed from Clark's Point to Central Wharf, where their business will be carried on with promptness and dispatch. [d3 1m] CALLARD & CO.

POTATOES.

THE ENTIRE Cargo of the brig ORIENTAL, just arrived from Lahaina, Sandwich Islands, and for sale by
PICKETT & CO.,
d3 tf foot of Jackson street Wharf.

TEA—150 boxes Imperial, Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Tea, just received, per TEPIC, and for sale by
PICKETT & CO,
n7 tf foot Jackson street wharf.

AMUSEMENTS.

ADELPHI THEATRE.

CLAY STREET.

Sole Lessee and Manager .... Mr. D. F. WILSON.
Stage Manager .... Mr. W. BARRY.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 3, 1850, will be presented for the first time in San Francisco,

DON CESAR DE BAZAN.

Don Cesar de Bazan .... Mr. Bingham.
Maritana .... Mrs. Mestayer.
COMIC SONG .... Mr. Fairchild.

To conclude with the Local Extravaganza, which was received last evening with shouts of applause, entitled

A GLANCE AT NEW YORK.

Mose .... Mr. Bingham.
Lize .... Mrs. Mestayer.

Admittance—Boxes $3; Parquette $2; Gallery $1. Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance to commence at 8 o'clock. d3

ENDICOTT, GREENE & OAKES.

OFFER FOR SALE at their warehouse, on First street, near Market, on the Beach, the following goods, at low prices,

12,000 lbs Rio coffee
2500 lbs Java do
2000 lbs loaf sugar
1500 lbs crushed sugar
25 boxes candles
200 galls lime juice
500 lbs butter
10 cases brandy cherries
20 bbls mess pork
25 boxes pickles assorted
3000 lbs dried apples
600 lbs rice
10 half bbls mackerel
5 doz buckskins
16 pair small gold scales
15 cases essences
23 do perfumery.
10 do dysentery cordial
2 do Townsend's sarsaparilla
2 do lemon syrup
30 do Empire cooking stoves, with all furniture
1500 lbs saleratus
3000 rolls paper hangings d3 tf

SPLENDID NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED direct from New York, a handsome assortment of Ladies black and drab Beaver Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, Misses Bonnets and Children's fancy Paris Hats, with and without Plumes, all of the latest styles. Also, a large lot of Wm. H. BEEBE & Co's celebrated HATS.

Navy Caps with glazed covers, and Boys Caps of every description, together with a large variety of Gents Furnishing Goods.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine the stock at "EVERETT'S HAT EMPORIUM,"
d3 1w Commercial street, near Kearny.

BALDWIN & CO.

ASSAYERS, REFINERS and COINERS, Manufacturers of Jewelry of California Gold, Dealers in Watches and Jewelry and Silver ware. Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired. Next door to the American Hotel, Portsmouth Square, San Francisco.

Gold Dust and Coin received on deposit.

Our Coin redeemed at Edward E. Dunbar's Banking and Exchange Office; also at our Office. d3 tf

PER BARK RACE HORSE.

JUST RECEIVED—
1000 pair doeskin pants, latest style
50 doz Mexican hats
15 cases blue drills
10 bales brown drills

Together with an assortment of Clothing, too numerous to mention, and will be offered at wholesale chaaper than the lowest market rates by WM. G. BADGER,
Sansome street, between Washington and Jackson, 4th door from Washington street. d3 1w

EXPRESSES.

SAN JOSE. SAN JOSE.

BERFORD & CO'S LINE OF EXPRESS MAIL STAGES,

HALL & CRANDALL, PROPRIETORS.

ARE now running every morning to San Jose, leaving Breford & Co's office, in the Plaza, at 8 o'clock, A. M. and the City Hotel, in San Jose, at 7 o'clock, A. M.

The reduced rate of fare puts it in the power of every one to visit the beautiful and healthful valley of Santa Clara. There is no more charming drive in California han that from San Francisco to San Jose, and as one is whirled rapidly through the oak openings and across the level plains under the skilful driving of Professors Dillon or Crandal, who drive their own coaches, he finds that pleasure is united with business, and wonders he has never made the trip before.

The great advantage this line possesses over all others, is that the Stages were bought expressly for the road, and with a particular attention to SAFETY, while the drivers, who have served a long apprenticeship from New England to Mexico, make the QUICKEST time and NEVER MEET WITH ACCIDENTS, which are so likely to occur with the old fashioned stage coaches. We invite our friends to give the line a trial. n7tf BERFORD & CO.

GREGORY'S EXPRESS.

TO THE UNITED STATES—Having insurance policies in the Atlantic, Mutual, and other offices, and having our own office in one of the best FIRE-PROOF buildings in California, we are enabled to furnish the best security to persons sending Treasure by this line, and to whom no charges are made for depositing.

Drafts at sight on our Agents in New York, Messrs. Thompson & Hitchcock, corner of Wall and Pearl streets.

Agents.	*Offices.*
G. E. CLARK	Sacramento City.
THOMPSON & HITCHCOCK	New York.
M. & B. F. CHEESEMAN	Marysville.
J. ELLIOTT	Portland, (Or.)
MITCHELL & HUTCHINS	Honolulu, (S. I.)

A Submarine Armor, complete, for sale.
JOSEPH W. GREGORY,
Proprietor and Manager, 280 Montgomery street.
Mr. Thomas Ayres will please call at this office. d2

FREEMAN & CO'S EXPRESS.

THE ONLY FIRM in Sacramento connecting with the well known house of ADAMS & CO., to the Atlantic States.

Mr. T. R. HAWLEY, late of the firm of HAWLEY & Co, having disposed of his interest in that concern to the subscribers, the business will be continued without interruption.

Gold Dust, Coin, &c., insured against all risks, and forwarded to all the principal cities and towns of the Union.

Bills of Exchange drawn on ADAMS & Co. Having by contract secured the sole right of an Express on the splendid steamers SENATOR and NEW WORLD, we will forward daily, as heretofore, between Sacramento and San Francisco. We have a safe on each of the above steamers for the security of Treasure, which is always accompanied by our own messenger. FREEMAN & CO.

☞ OFFICES—Sacramento, Second street, near J, between J and K streets; San Francisco, with Adams & Co, J. Spear agent; Marysville, E. W. Tracy, agent. d2

TODD & CO'S EXPRESS.

RUNNING to all parts of the Southern Mines, and the only Express in Stockton or the Southern District connected in San Francisco, with the well known Express of ADAMS & CO., to all parts of the United States, affording superior facilities for the transportation of Gold Dust and packages of every description. Drafts procured upon all parts of the United States and Europe. Collections made in any part of the Southern mines, San Francisco, Stockton, &c., &c. By an arrangement made with the popular Express of HAWLEY & Co, in Sacramento, we are enabled to transact all branches of the Express business in that city and the Southern mines.
A. H. TODD, San Francisco.
d2 E. W. COLT, Stockton.

BALDWIN & CO'S COIN.

THE ABOVE COIN, issued by Baldwin & Co., is redeemed at the Banking and Exchange Office of
EDWARD E. DUNBAR,
d3 tf Montgomery street.

STOVES.

SHEETIRON WIRE, Tin Plate, Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c., for sale by
BRITTAN & SOUTHWORTH,
d3 1w Sansome street, near Washington.

CUNNINGHAM'S WHARF.

FOOT OF BATTERY STREET—This wharf is now in order, and having twenty-six feet of water at its end, and sufficient at its side for the largest class of vessels, offers great inducements for them to land there, as by so doing, they will be able to discharge in one half the time and at much less expense than they would be put to if lying in the stream. Consignees will also find it greatly to their advantage to have their goods discharged at this wharf, as by this means they avoid all risk of damage consequent upon lighterage, and receive their goods in much less time and at about half the expense they would if delivered in the stream. A spacious shed and fire-proof building are connected with the wharf, in which goods will be stored at the lowest rates, in such a manner that samples can at all times be taken. Goods landed or stored on this wharf will have the advantage of being shipped by first class steamers to Sacramento city and the mining districts, free of all charges of cartage. Rates of dockage and wharfage, which will be low, will be made known by applying to the subscriber.
d2 CHARLES MINTURN, Agent.

CHEAP PLEASURE EXCURSION.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL Line of Stages will, on and after this date leave the EMPIRE HOUSE, San Francisco, daily, (Sundays NOT excepted,) at 8 o'clock, A. M., for SAN JOSE. And from the Mansion House, San Jose, daily, at 7 o'clock, A. M., for San Francisco.

This line is furnished with the best stages and horses the country can produce, and carries passengers through the whole distance—60 miles, in about Six hours.

The Proprietors have reduced the rates of fare so as to enable all who desire a trip over one of the most beautiful roads in the world, to do so at a very small expense, and hope thereby to receive such patronage as the enterprise merits. The climate of San Jose being one of the most healthy in the country, is highly recommended to invalids exclusive of the pleasure of the Excursion.

For further particulars inquire at the offices.
d2 ACKLEY & MAURISON.

WASHINGTON BATHS.

MYGATT, BRYANT & CO., having rebuilt their Bathing Establishment since the late fire, on Washington street, between Kearny and Montgomery, are now ready to give Warm, Cold, and Shower Baths, and attend to those who may favor them with their patronage. Open from 8 A. M. to 11 P. M. Single tickets $1 50, 10 tickets for $10.

Also in connection with their establishment, having secured the services of an excellent barber and hair-dresser, late of the Astor House, New York, they will be happy to accommodate the public in that department. d2

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! GOOD SHIRTS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—At C. LEIGHTON'S First Premium Shirt and gentlemen's furnishing store, 20 Commercial street. n7 1m

STEAMERS.

FOR PANAMA.

THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S steamer UNICORN, Jos. NICHOLS, Esq., Commander, will leave for Panama, touching at ACAPULCO only, on FRIDAY, Dec. 13, 1850, at 4 P. M.

Treasure for shipment received at the Company's office, corner of Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets, on Wednesday, the 11th, and Thursday, the 12th.

Passengers to be on board at Noon of the day of departure.

The Unicorn will connect with the U. S. Mail steamer CHEROKEE or EMPIRE CITY, to leave Chagres for New York, via Kingston, as well as with the U. S. Mail steamer PHILADELPHIA, to leave Chagres for New Orleans, on arrival of the passengers and treasure.

Passage to Panama, in the Saloon	$275
" " " Lower Cabin	250
" " " Steerage	125

For passage apply to
GILMOR MEREDITH, Agent,
d3 td corner of Leidesdorff and Sacramento streets.

FOR SALE.

STEAMER McKIM FOR SALE—A fine boat for the Oregon or Southern coast trade. The commodious and popular steam propeller McKIM, in complete running order, together with new boilers and other machinery, daily expected to arrive from the United States, offered for sale. Apply to EVERETT & CO.,
o10 tf Howison's Wharf.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR SACRAMENTO CITY.

EVERY AFTERNOON, from Cunningham's Wharf, at 4 o'clock, P. M., the well known fast sailing steamers NEW WORLD and SENATOR, will leave as follows:

NEW WORLD, Capt. WAKEMAN, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY; returning from Sacramento city, every TTESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 P. M.

SENATOR, Capt. JOHN VAN PELT, every TUESDAY THURSDAY and SATURDAY; returning from Sacramento city, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 P. M.

Freight or passengers taken at the lowest rates. Tickets can be had, and all information can be obtained by applying to the Clerk's on board, or to
CHARLES MINTURN, Agent,
On Cunningham's Wharf.

N. B. All persons are hereby notified that Messrs. HAWLEY & Co., are the only authorized Express on these boats, and all packages of value or gold dust left with the Clerks, are at the risk of the parties leaving them, or of the parties to whom they belong. And any persons sending letters or other Express matter, they will be charged $50 per package. n18

FOR SVNTA CLARA AND SAN JOSE.

THE NEW STEAMER NEW STAR, Capt. E. SAMPSON, Jr. will leave Commercial wharf on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, for the above places, stopping at ALVISO, where stages will be in readiness to convey passengers to the above places immediately on the arrival of the boat.

This steamer will commence on Friday next, leaving regularly at 9 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board till further notice.

N. B. A regular package express for San Jose will accompany this line, and all business submitted to their arge will receive prompt attention. n19 tf

FOR SACRAMENTO CITY.

THE FINE New Steamer JENNY LIND, Capt. P. E. LE FEVRE, will leave Commercial Wharf, Clark's Point for Sacramento City, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FREDERICK P. GREEN, Agent,
n9 Sansome street, between Jackson and Washington.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. ARGENTI & CO.,

Bankers,
San Francisco, Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial.

REFER TO AND DRAW ON—
Brown, Brothers & Co, New York,
Brown, Shipley & Co, Liverpool.
Samuel Nicholson & Co, New Orleans,
Alex. Brown & sons, Baltimore,
Browns & Bowen, Philadelphia,
James Adger & Co, Charleston,
Morrell & Dickey, Mobile,
T. B. Curtis, Esq., Boston,
Geo. B. Cumming, Savannah.

Gold dust bought or insured, and forwarded to the United States at the lowest rates. o1

WELL'S & CO., Bankers.

Corner of Clay and Montgomery streets.

Draw Bills on Willis & Co, Boston; Drew, Robinson & Co, New York; Ludlow, Beebee & Co, Phila.; Greenway & Co, Baltimore; Ellis & Morton, Cincinnati; Loker, Renick & Co, St. Louis; Robinson & Co, Buffalo; Washburn & Co, Albany; H. A. Rathbone, New Orleans; Maclean, Maris & Co, London; and at Banks in Hartford, New Haven, New London, Providence, Worcester, Plymouth, New Bedford, Salem, Portsmouth, Portland, Bangor, Keene, Concord, Bellows' Falls and Woodstock.

Gold Dust shipped and insured to New York. o1 tf

S. BEEBEE, LUDLOW & CO.,

Exchange Brokers and Bankers.
Clay street, second door from Montgomery.

Have removed to Van Dyke & Belden's fire-proof Building, in Clay street, 2d door from the corner of Montgomery street.

Drafts on Beebee, Ludlow & Co., New York; Ludlow, Beebee & Co., Philadelphia; Josiah Lee, Baltimore, for sale, and in all the principal cities, in sums to suit, by S. BEEBEE, LUDLOW & CO., Clay street, 2d door from Montgomery. o1 tf

KELSEY, SMITH & RISLEY,

Importers and Dealers
(Fire proof brick Building, on Clay street, second door above Montgomery street.)

In Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, and Leather and Findings.
W. F. KELSEY, } San Francisco.
GEO. M. SMITH, }
n14 B. W. RISLEY, New York City.

JOHN H. STILL,

Wholesale and Retail Newspaper, Magazine, Cheap Publication and Stationery Depot.
Second door to the Post Office, Portsmouth Square, S. F.

Country Merchants, Express Riders, and Pedlars can be supplied with all the latest Novels, Magazines and Newspapers, on the most favorable terms. As great inducements will be offered them, they are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. n19 1m

PARSONS & DEANE.

General Shipping Office,
Clark's Point.

W. F. PARSONS. E. S. DEANE.

Shipping and Commission business attended to with dispatch. Passengers for any port on the Pacific or the Islands will do well to call and satisfy themselves of the facilities offered. o31 tf

MYERS AND EHRENBERG,

Real Estate Agents, and Surveyors

For the Towns of Trinidad, Klamath, and for Trinity county generally.

OFFICES—In Klamath corner of Forest and Francis streets; in Trinidad, corner of Whiting and Edward streets. o9 tf

WM. NEWELL,

Sexton and Undertaker,
Pacific near Kearny street.

Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand. Also, Coffin Plates, Tomb Stones, Tablets, Rosettes, &c. &c. n15 1m

D. GIBB,

Auction and Commission Merchant.
Brick Building, Central Wharf, San Francisco.

Drafts for sale on Messrs. Watson, Thompson & Co, Glasgow, payable in London; Messrs. John Thomson, Watson & Co, Valparaiso. o1 3m

R. F. RYAN,

Avocat et Avoué.

S'occupe aussi de la vente de terrains, etc. Prepare toutes especes de documents, et les traduits au besoin, en Francaise, Espanole, Italienne, Portuguese, et Allemande. n26

L. B. HANKS,

Dealer in Lumber.

Office, Michigan Steam Mills, No. 1 Gold street. Will furnish to order any quantity of Dimension Stuff, or ordinary sizes, with dispatch.

JOSEPH GRANT,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
Tehama block, between Front and Second streets.
SACRAMENTO CITY. d2 tf

JOSEPH HENRIQUES,

Public Administrator County of San Francisco.

Commercial street, next door to Mrs. Whitney's, up stairs. n18 3m

H. O'DONNELL,

Real Estate Broker and Notary Public.
On Pacific street, opposite the Court House. n3 tf

J. H. BLOOD & CO.,

Commission Merchants and Ship Agents.

Office northwest corner of Montgomery and Clay streets, up stairs. o1 3m

F. SMITH, M. D., & THEO. DIMON, M. D.

Office over Kelsey, Smith & Risley's store, north side of Clay street, 2d Building above Montgomery street. n1 tf

G. V. GILLESPIE,

Notary Public.

Messrs. Howard & Green's new brick Building, Montgomery street. o14 tf

DR. JOHN J. THORP,

Health Commissioner.
Office, in Iron Building, at the end of Pier foot of Jackson street. o1 tf

R. F. RYAN,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Office, on Pacific street, nearly the opposite Court House.
n14 tf

BOAT FOUND.

PICKED UP, on the night of 25th Nov., one flat bottom boat, about 19 feet long, with a centre board, painted lead color. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges, on application to Brig. Geo. F. Williams, off India Buildings. n29 tf

SPLENDID NEW BUGGY

ON a very light principle, with seats for four. For sale at the Java House by McCORMACK & CO,
Tea Dealers and Coffee Roasters, 244 Montgomery st.

SHIPPING.

CALLARD'S LINE FOR ASTORIA and PORTLAND, (Oregon.)

—The fast sailing clipper-built brig ZONE, Capt. LUTHER RODGERS. This vessel has superior accommodations for first and second cabin passengers. Her provisions will be the best this market affords. This vessel has just returned from Panama, having made the voyage in about 80 days.

The ZONE will leave Dec. 10th. For freight or passage apply to
CALLARD & CO.,
General Passage Office, Central Wharf.
N. B. Freight taken at the lowest rates. d3tds

FOR NEW YORK,

via SANDWICH ISLANDS.—The clipper brig JOSEPH BUTLER, PELEG RAY, master, will have immediate dispatch for the above named ports. Freight taken on reasonable terms. Apply to
ALANSON SWAIN, California st.,
n25 11t 3 doors below Montgomery.

FOR SANTA CRUZ, MONTEREY,

SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO and SAN DIEGO—The fast sailing clipper schooner JAMES R. WHITING, W. W. BAKER, master, will have immediate dispatch for the above ports. For freight or passage, apply to WOODWORTH & MORRIS,
d2 6t Clay street Wharf.

STORE SHIPS WANTED.

TWO Store Ships, large size, wanted. Any person having them for sale may find a purchaser on application to OLIVER CHARLICK,
n26tf Jackson st., below Sansome.

FOR RENT, AT CONVENIENT TERMS, the 3 story Brick and Iron Warehouse, 40 by 60 feet, on Montgomery street, next to the Custom House, hitherto occupied by Messrs. J. B. Cannon & Co., either the whole or the different stories to suit parties.

It being desirable to let the whole building under a lease for six or eight months, the terms will be reduced accordingly. Apply to S. I. GOWER & CO', or EDWARD VISCHER, near the premises. nov 18 tf

STORE TO RENT.

THE subscribers being about to remove to their new warehouse on California street, offer for rent the desirable location at present occupied by them. Terms favorable to a responsible tenant.
n11 tf BRAGG & WHITTEMORE, Sansome st.

FOR SALE.

JUST RECEIVED, per ship Nisidia Stewart, from New York, scarlet twilled flannels, best India drills,
3 ply Brussels and tapestry carpetines,
White and colored blankets,
Flannel clothing, cloth clothing,
Paper hangings, boots and brogans, rice,
Gallego and Hanalt flour, corn meal,
Water crackers, hominy, sausages half bbls,
Pork in whole and half bbls,
Tongues in half bbls, smoked beef in bbls
Ham, bacon and shoulders in boxes,
Pickled hams in tierces, lard, cheese,
Butter in kegs of 15 lbs, oysters,
Scollops, clams, mess shad in half bbls,
Mess mackerel in half and quarter bbls,
Herrings, Molasses in kegs,
Loaf sugar half boxes, crushed do half bbls,
Candies assorted, currants in half bbls,
Lime juice, sardines, pecan nuts, raisins,
Adamantine candles, sperm do, cigars,
Tobacco, pickles, vinegar, brandy,
Dublin porter, East India pale Ale,
Champagne cider, Philadelphia stout and ale,
Madeira, sherry and port wine,
Champagne, tumblers, brooms,
Furniture, matches, sole leather:
Tin plate sheathing, nails, linseed oil,
Manila rope, &c., white lead, pepper,
Rio coffee, London mustard, cassia,
Table salt, bay do, sweet chocolate.
GILMOR MEREDITH,
n25tf cor. Sacramento and Leidesdorf sts.

PICKETT & CO.,

FOOT OF JACKSON STREET WHARF, offer for sale at the lowest market prices, the following desirable goods, per recent arrivals—
10,000 lbs ex dairy butter, packed in small kegs in brine.
6,000 lbs ex dairy cheese, packed in tins in wooden boxes.
25,000 lbs light Manila sugar, in 66 2-3 lb mats.
50 bbls pickled salmon.
300 boxes coffee, in 1 lb tin.
400 do in 1 lb papers.
5:000 gals sugar house syrup in kegs and bbls.
500 boxes raisins.
50 bbls dried appies.
40 boxes gunpowder tea in 2 lb caddies.
20 boxes young hyson do do
50 kits Boston No 1 mackerel.
50 cases, 1 doz ea, St'ght'n bitters, in fancy bottles.
2o cases, 3 doz each, pepper, &c. n27 2w

EX MANDARIN,

GREAT BRITAIN, DELIA CHAPIN AND NISIDA STEWART, and for sale by the subscribers,

50 bbls R. L. & A. Stuart's crushed sugar, 20 half boxes loaf do, 5000 lbs. prime Goshen butter in kegs, refined lard in tins, English dairy and navy cheese, Malaga raisins, mixed and assorted pickles, tomato catsup, Stoughton bitters, clams, oysters, brooms, painted pails, brushes, fawcetts, long legged boots, buckskin purses, 20 cases latest style cooking, office and parlor stoves.

Also in store, French dress silks, ribbons, kid and worsted gloves, shawls, red woolen shirts, three ply and ingrain carpets, &c. BRAGG & WHITTEMORE,
dc2 1w Sansome street.

WOOD AND COAL.

FOR SALE—By M. NELSON. Yard on Broadway, between Stockton and Powell streets, where orders will be received and attended to promptly.

Also, land for sale or to lease in the western addition of the city of San Francisco, in lots to suit. Some of the most valuable garden and building spots within the limits of the city, in a rapidly improving neighborhood, are those of the subscriber, situated near the Lagunas. Title unquestionable. M. NELSON,
n20 Presidio road, Lagoon.

HOME! SWEET HOME!!

F. COOMBS, Artist, in Daguerreotype Skylight Gallery, corner Clay and Montgomery streets, begs to inform those who may wish a perfectly finished picture to send Home! an early application is indispensable, although having three talented assistants—the young lady a splendid artist—yet he cannot always supply the demand, so great is the rush previous to the sailing of the steamers. Superb cases, &c., just received. Invoices, plates and cases bought and sold. n11 1mis

NOTICE

TO SHIPMASTERS AND CONSIGNEES OF VESSELS. The subscriber is now prepared to supply shipping with water of the purest kind from the Joaquin river, at the shortest notice, having a vessel with the capacity of 20,000 gallons. Orders left with the undersigned at the Pilots' office, on Cunningham's wharf, opposite office of steamers Senator and New World, will meet with prompt attention. o11tf JAMES NELSON, Agent.

LOST

ON Thursday afternoon, in State scrip, viz—
$500, date July 11th, 1850. No. 51.
$100, date Nov. 8th, 1850. No. 361.
$50, date Sept. 9th, 1850. No. 122.

Payment of the above scrip has been stopped at the State Treasury. A suitable reward will be paid on delivery of the same at BERFORD & Co.'s Express office, corner of Kearny and Clay streets.

NOTICE.

100 DOLLARS REWARD.—Any person giving such information as will bring to justice the individuals who committed the depredations on board brig James Caskie, on Friday night, Oct. 25, shall receive the above reward. n2 tf

NOTICE TO SHIPMASTERS AND OWNERS.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, Shipwrights of San Francisco, have completed our arrangements for heaving out vessels of any size, that may need overhauling from keel to light water. Mr. Thompson, a master rigger, may be found on board the ship Pico, south side Rincon Point, at all times, who will give immediate attention to orders left with him, or orders left at Hawley, Sterling & Co's, foot of Sacramento street, will be attended to.
n7 1m* HUDSON, SMITH & LESTER.

FOR SALE.

FROM SHIP POWHATTAN, just arrived, lying at Cunningham's wharf,
407 tons Cumberland coal,
16 " best anthracite coal in casks,
314 small bales best timothy hay, weighing from 50 to 60 lbs each.
Apply to the office of F. ARGENTI & CO.,
In Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial.
nov20 tf

TEN HOUSES AND LOTS

FOR SALE, situated on Margaret street, between Valejo and Green streets, and Kearny and Dupont streets. Lots 16 by 40; Houses, 14 by 28, 1½ stories high. The above for sale at lowest terms for one half cash, and half in 90 days. H. O'DONNELL, Broker,
nov 19 Pacific Street.

STORAGE.

I AM now ready to take in storage, all kinds of mdze. and lumber, at reasonable rates, on board the ship GANGES, laying at the foot of Pacific street. Inquire on board, of Capt. W. BENTON, or to
THOS. S. BARNSTEAD,
n27 Third door below Sansome st., in Sackson, north side.

LAMP OIL.

LAMP OIL, for sale by the subscribers, in lots to suit purchasers. The cargo of ship ENVOY, being the handsomest lot of Polar oil ever brought into the market.
JNO. T. LITTLE & POPE,
n11 tf Washington street.

FOR SALE.

AT THE JAVA HOUSE, an invoice of English Boots, water proof coats and caps, pilot cloth jackets, &c.
McCORMICK & CO.,
n11 Tea Dealers and Coffee Roasters, Montgomery st.

GOLD DUST

BOUGHT OR INSURED, and forwarded to any part of the States, by way of New York or New Orleans, at the lowest rates, by GREGORY'S Express,
o18 tf Office 280 Montgomery Street.

FOR SALE.

A VERY FAST-SAILING BRIG, 200 tons register; will carry 1800 bbls. Inquire of S. S. BARNSTEAD,
d2 Jackson street, 3d door below Sansome, north side.

WARRANTED TO CURE,

OR MONEY REFUNDED.—Crooker's celebrated Cholera, Dysentery, and Diarrhœa Syrup. This celebrated and unrivalled Medicine is of immediate efficacy in the most violent and obstinate cases of Cholera Morbus, Spasmodic Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, looseness of the bowels, gripings, and all other irregularities of the intestines. For sale by J. Cowell & Co., corner of Jackson and Sansome streets. nov4 1mis

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

[CORRECTED DAILY BY THE NOISY CARRIER.]

Owing to the changes continually going on, and to keep people generally posted up with each other's whereabouts, the subscriber has made arrangements with the Proprietors of this Paper to occupy part of a column daily as a Directory, giving names, business and location. The terms of which will be,

One line, first insertion	25 cts.
Each subsequent do	12½

Bankers.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

King, James of William, banker, corner Commercial and Montgomery sts.
Wells & Co., bankers, cor Clay and Montgomery.

Brokers and Commission Merchants.

Badger, Wm. G., wholesale clothing and commission merchant, trader, &c., Sansome st, between Washington and Jackson sts.
Bunster & Sproston, translators, custom house and ship brokers, California st, at De Boom, V, G & Co.
Cazneau, Thomas N., insurance broker and notary, Montgomery, cor Clay st.
Coghill & Arrington, cor Jackson and Sansome sts.
Cooke Brothers & Co., commission merchants, brick store, California st.
Dickson, Dewolf & Co., commission merchants, Merchants' Exchange, cor Washington and Montgomery sts.
Parsons, C., com. merch't, Sansome near Broadway.
Ross, Daniel L., cor Washington and Montgomery, commission merchant; dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, groceries, &c., on consignment.
Titcomb, John H., commission merchant, Washington, below Montgomery.

Books and Stationery.

Bonesteel & Williston, books and stationery, post office piazza.

Hotels and Restaurants.

Delmonico's, Montgomery, b Washington and Clay sts.
Revere House, J. W. Hammond, Montgomery, between Clay and Commercial.
Smith, J. M. C., Columbia House, Battery st.
Western Hotel, Dederer & Valentine, Broadway, between Sansome and Battery sts.

Importers, Traders and General Dealers.

Chapman, J. importer wines, liquors and cigars, Washington place, off Washinton st.
Emery, W. W.. dealer in cigars, liquors, &c. Washington off Pike st.
Palmer, R. cigar dealer, Washington st. 2 doors above Dupont.
Scott, Jos. tobacconist K'y, between Jackson and Pacific
Thompson, M. A. fancy dry goods, millinery and dress making, Clay st, near Stockton.
Austin, Henry, dealer in stoves and tin ware, 246 Montgomery st.
Chapin & Sawyer, hardware, leather, &c., Washington, below Montgomery st.
Cooper & Co., dry goods, Kearny b Wash and Jackson.
Dornin & Beers, grocers, Cunningham's wharf. For sale, 500 shovels, price $20 per doz.
Ferguson, Reynolds & Co., grocers and dealers in produce, 4 Central wharf.
Franklin, Selim & E., Importers of wines, cigars and merchandize, Washington st.
Field, S. C., grocer, head Kearny st.
Ladd, A. T., coal dealer, Sansome st, between California and Pine.
Loud, Hosmer & Co., wholesale and retail liquor dealers, Jackson, between Montgomery and Sansome.
MacLea, K., ship chandlery store, Central wharf, and MacLea & Co., Jackson st.
Mahony & Finley, butchers, Fulton market, Kearny st.
Morgan, I. A. & Co., Battery corner Vallejo st.
Smiley, Korn & Co., hardware dealers, Washington street, between Montgomery and Kearny.
Snook, G. & W., dealers in stoves, tin and sheet iron ware, Kearny between Jackson and Washington sts.
Wheeler & Drake, wholesale grocers and provision merchants, California street b Montgomery and Sansome.

Legal.

Lull, Louis R. attorney and counsellor, commissioner for the courts of San Francisco county and for Massachusetts, office Alcalde Building on the Plaza
Eddy & Byrne, attorneys at law, notary public, averages adjusted, money loaned, Clay street, North side, 2 doors above Montgomery.
Howard, J. P., counsellor and notary, Wells' building, corner Clay and Montgomery sts.
Pratt & Cole, Attorneys, cor Mont and Jackson sts.

Mechanical.

Eper, Charles, Carpenter, turner and cabinet maker, St Louis alley, off Jackson.
Levin, A H, boot maker, Clay st, bet. Dupont and Pike.
McPhun, Wm shipwright, Washington Place, off Wash st.
Tripp, S G & Co lock and gunsmiths, bell hangers, presses repaired, Pacific st.
Capron & Lawrence, blacksmiths and wheelwrights, Dupont st. between Broadway and Vallejo.
Sey, H. D., watchmaker, Stockton st. cor Pacific.
Vreeland & Brown, builders, Portsmouth Place.
Baldwin, B., bookbinder, Pacific near Montgomery st.
Bakery — Marston & Co., brown bread and crackers, Broadway, between Dupont and Stockton sts.
Buckley & Morse, blacksmiths, foot Clay st.
Gale & Standish, fancy pie and cake bakery and confectioners, cor California and Spring sts.
Hayes & Bailey, jewellers, Clay st.
Loring & Hogg, watchmakers and jewellers, Commercial near Montgomery st.
Tarbox & Robb, carpenters, Commercial st.
Tennent, Thomas, mathematical instrument maker, Commercial below Montgomery st.

Medical.

Dr Coit, office Washington st, 5 doors above Dupont st.
Parry, Dr J, Clay st. 3 doors above St Francis hotel.
May, Dr. Henry B, corner Clay and Pike st.
Smith & Dimon, Drs. St Francis hotel.
Cogswell, H. D., dentist, Commercial st.
Gerry, Dr., in Bolton & Barron's building.
Jackcobson, Dr. F. M., Commercial hotel.
Parker Dr., at Hinkley's drug store, Kearney st.
Pierce W. Allen, M. D. Physician and Surseon, California st. near Montgomery.
Stewart & Hodge, Druggists, Clarke's Point, foot Broadway.
Story, Charles R., wholesale and retail druggist, Merchants Exchange Building.
West, Dr. Benj. Meiggs' building, opposite Delmonico's, Montgomery street.

Miscellaneous.

Curtiss & McComb, Broadway Livery Stable, b Dupont and Stockton.
Candidate for Alderman, P. A. Brinsmade.
Custom House, James Collier, corner Montgomery and California streets.
Harbor Master, G. Simpton, Cunningham's wharf.
Kimball, Charles P., (N. C.) Pacific News Office, house c of Mason and Jackson.
Merchants Exchange, c Mont. and Wash—'Change Hours from 2 to 3 P. M.
Pacific News Office, Montgomery st., between Washington and Jackson.
Post Office, J. B. Moore, P. M. corner Dupont and Clay streets, open daily, Sundays excepted, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Restaurant for sale on Central wharf. Apply to Chas. P. Kimball.
Two lots for sale, near the corner of Union and Hyde streets. CHAS. P. KIMBALL.

The name and address can be left with the subscriber, or at the Pacific News Office.

CHS. P. KIMBALL.

CLOTHING STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have now in store, as per recent arrivals from Baltimore, a full and complete assortment of heavy clothing, consisting in part of
Norway and pilot cloth overcoats,
Cloaking, silk and satin vests,
Cassimere, casinette, and cord pants,
Buck gloves and mitts, suspenders, &c,
Sheep's grey and pilot cloth monkey jackets,
Blue and red flannel shirts and drawers,
And a few bales of Sacramento and red blankets.

Country merchants and others will please call and examine. CAUGHEY & BROMLEY,
n28 4 Howison's Pier.

FISK'S METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

THIS ARTICLE is entirely superseding the use of lead or mahogany coffins in the Atlantic States, and as a means of preserving the body for a long time without decomposition is highly recommended by some of the most eminent chemists and physicians of New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Washington. Samples can be seen at Messrs. N. Gray & Co's and J. D. Quirk & Co., undertakers, Sacramento street. A personal inspection is all that is necessary to satisfy the most skeptical of their utility. For further particulars enquire of
BRAGG & WHITTEMORE,
n25 1m Sole agents for California.

LOANS.

CASH ADVANCED on bond and mortgage sales; purchases and exchanges of real estate effected; city scrip and State scrip bought and sold, or loans made thereon, the highest price being paid for either; approved commercial bills cashed at the lowest rate; temporary advances made on every kind of convertible security; rents and notes collected and all kinds of monetary operations effected with promptitude and dispatch.
F. MARRIOT & CO.,
Loan, Land and Money Agents, 276 Montgomery street,
Bolton & Barron's Fireproof store. nov20 tf

A FIRST RATE

BUSINESS STAND for sale: "OUR HOUSE" in Washington street. It becoming necessary for one of the partners to leave the place, the above business, with the cooking utensils, furniture, fixtures, bedding, etc, together with the unexpired lease of the house, will be sold on the most favorable terms.

As the above is in a central location, having now a large number of boarders, it presents a rare chance for a safe investment. Inquire on the premises. n28 1w*

TO LITHOGRAPHERS.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY is offered to purchase a complete sett of Lithographers' implements, consisting of a large press, highly finished stones of various sizes; paper, ink of different colors; sand, rollers, and every other article necessary to the artizan's wants. The articles can be seen at Palmer & Co's Express Office, on Washington street, opposite the National Hotel. The whole invoice will be sold low for cash. Apply as above to
n23 B. W. PALMER.

SAVING TO STOREKEEPERS and Restaurants.—Green coffee sent into the Java House roasted and ground, packed and delivered. McCORMACK & CO.,
n11 Tea Dealers and Coffee Roasters, 244 Mont'y st.

WAS PICKED UP

AND LEFT ALONG SIDE the barque "Bohemia," a Scow Pile Driver. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, pay charges, and take her away. Apply on board barque Bohemia, off Jackson st. Wharf. n23tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

From hhe London Times.

The Effect of California in England.

A feeling has now become prevalent that the last accounts from California, which were described in the *Times* of Monday, are of a character to confirm more strongly than ever the most favorable anticipations of its present and permanent yield. From the first, there has always been reason to suppose that such general statements as might reach us would be rather under than over the truth, and every succeeding account has tended to support that impression. The inducements to exaggeration were to be looked for in the desire of land speculators to get the country peopled, and also in the universal impulse on the part of discoverers to exalt the wonders they have exclusively seen. But, although these must have operated, especially amongst Americans, with extraordinary force, there were influences to be recognized on the other side, of a still more powerful character. The land speculators have never been more than a small minority; and the mass of the population working at the mines have, therefore, if there was any doubt about the supply of gold being limited, always been interested in preventing any further arrivals; while, as regards the love of the marvelous on the part of discoverers, it must be recollected that this would be far more than counteracted by the invariable tendency of the world, and especially the scientific part of it, to adopt the safe course, and to treat as a delusion everything that exceeds the range of routine experience. A still stronger probability that the country and its products would be liable to be adversely described existed, moreover, in the fact that all who went to it were impelled by inordinate acquisitiveness, and that vast numbers belonged to the unthinking classes who are least fit to emigrate, and who would be disappointed anywhere. The noise made by one such person would, as the promoters of emigration well know, exceed, in its first effects, any expressions that might proceed from a hundred who were satisfied. Yet, complaints have all along been singularly rare, and it is now found that with a fortnightly post to New York, which carries on each occasion more than 20,000 letters home to the families of the emigrants, each containing, it is to be presumed, the unreserved truths of individual experience, the general confidence in the riches of the district is increasing throughout the entire Union. The depression which has prevailed in England during the past two years, and which has been no less humiliating than was the wild folly of which it has been the penalty, must likewise be taken into account as causing everything to be looked at from this side through a false medium. All faith in the possibility of successful enterprise has been destroyed, and there has been no thought except that it must be vain to look in other parts of the globe for that which has been extinguished here.

Of course, under the influence of the facts which have now been arriving in fortnightly uccession for a year or two, something like a ense of the importance of the movement is, as ve have said, at length beginning to grow up; out it will be long before a real estimate of it will take root. At this moment, according to he advices by the last packet, there are from 0,000 to 100,000 persons approaching Califor ia by the overland track. The emigration to San Francisco by sea also continues, and will gain be greatly augmented by the effect of the ast reports, and by the shortened transit hrough Nicaragua. The population of the State, therefore, bids fair to have reached, efore another year shall have elapsed, between 00,000 and 400,000 souls—a total equal to ne-tenth of the entire population of the United States within the memory of many. ast year, when the number of persons in California was not more than 100,000, the most nfavorable statements represented the average aily earnings of each individual not to exceed 5. This year, in the statements of a similar haracter, the amount is represented to be between $6 and $10; while the unusual hight f the waters is described as a serious drawack. If with the next increase in population nere is to be a like increase in individual reults, the prospect will indeed be an extraordiary one—and it would almost seem that someing like a feeling to that effect exists among e present inhabitants, from the eagerness ith which every report of a swarm of new omers is received.

But even in the face of all these circumtances, it is something apart from the gold uding that demands the chief attention of the ractical merchant and of the philosopher. lthough, as far as the mines are concerned, e must keep our eyes open for extraordinary vents, still these events are beyond the power f certain calculation, either one way or the ther. The probable continuance or increase f the supply, is a matter of opinion upon which each person must be left to his own speculations. The momentous fact, which nothing an now do away with, is, that 300,000 or 400,000 Anglo-Saxons are settling themselves on the shores of the Pacific. A new world is before them. They look across to China, Japan, and all the riches of the Indian Seas; and the use they will make of their opportunities may be best inferred from what they have already accomplished, and from the known aspirations which the people of the United States have so long directed towards that region. Already the presence of a large number of Chinese is a distinctive feature of the population of San Francisco, and already the Sandwich Islands, Australia, and Southern and Central America have been been called into a new life from the traffic that has been established. The prophecy of Humboldt, that the activity of commerce would be carried progressively from east to west, is rapidly in process of fulfilment. At present, however, there are few signs that even this fact is appreciated in Europe, and the thing to be apprehended is, that when in the course of a few years successes arising from it shall have led to excitement, our people, who are regardless of it now, will then rush furiously to overdo what should have been done moderately and deliberately from the first. It is to prevent foolish extremes of this sort that every endeavor should be made to familiarize the public with the contemplation of the change that is coming on, and to induce the spirit of enterprise to adjust itself to the new order of things while it can rationally and profitably do so, instead of waiting to regain by a sudden and destructive rush, the opportunities that will have been lost through inattention.

News from the Valley of the San Joaquin.

We cut the following items of San Joaquin Intelligence from the Stockton Times of Saturday morning:

We are glad to observe that a large number of persons have resolved to take up their winter quarters in the mines. The steamboats are daily crowded with miners.

Man Overboard.—A man fell overboard from the steamer *Union*, on her downward trip, on Monday last. The poor fellow was in a state of intoxication at the time, but the cold bath sobered him instanter, and for the space of 15 minutes gallantly buffeted with the waters. He was rescued by the officers of the steamer *Fashion*, which vessel was half a mile astern of the *Union* when the accident occurred.

More Indian Depredations.—We heard, last evening, that a party of our citizens destined for the quartz region east of Los Angeles, were attacked, a few days since, in the tulare plain beyond the Mariposa, by the Indians, and it is reported that seven Americans who were out hunting mules which had been stolen from their camp, were attacked and killed. Among the names reported as sufferers are Captain Powel, Jack Ryan, Frank Ross, and Robert Collins. Mr. Wallis, a member of our City Council, was one of the party, and we hope to hear from him in a few days a contradiction of the disastrous portiont of his report. [Jour.

The oldest inhabitant says that we shall have but a short winter, and that teamsters will be able to keep up a regular communication with all parts of the mines.

Congressional Legislation.

We copy from the National Intelligencer the following List of Acts passed by Congress at its late session:

LIST OF ACTS.

Passed at the first session, Thirty-first Congress.

PUBLIC ACTS

Which originated in the Senate.

An act to enable the State of Arkansas and other States to reclaim the "swamp lands" within their limits.

An act granting the right of way and making a grant of land to the States of Illinois, Mississippi and Alabama, in aid of the construction of a railroad from Chicago to Mobile.

An act to amend and supplementary to the act entitled "An act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons escaping from service of their masters," approved February 12th, 1793.

An act to reduce the minimum price of the mineral lands in the Lake Superior district in Michigan, and in the Chippewa district in Wisconsin.

An act to authorize notaries public to take and certify oaths, affirmations and acknowledgments in certain cases.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act for the better organization of the District Court of the United States within the State of Louisiana," approved the 3d of March, 1849.

An act providing for the taking of the seventh and subsequent censuses of the United States, and to fix the number of the members of the House of Representatives, and to provide for their future apportionment among the several States.

An act to carry into effect the convention between the United States and the Emperor of Brazil, of the 27th day of January, 1849.

An act authorizing the negotiaton of treaties with the Indian tribes in the Territory of Oregon, for the extinguishment of their claims to lands lying west of the Cascade Mountains, and for other purposes.

An act to increase the rank and file of the army, and to encourage enlistments.

An act to increase the commissarist of the United States army.

An act to reduce and define the boundaries of the military reserve at St. Peter's river, in the Territory of Minnesota, and to secure the rights of the actual settlers thereon.

An act for the admission of California into the Union.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," approved March 2, 1799.

An act giving the assent of the United States to an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the December session, 1844, chapter 287.

An act giving the assent of Congress to the leasing of a portion of the margin of the Black Water river for the purposes therein mentioned.

An act to provide for the printing of the Annual Report upon Commerce and Navigation.

An act to provide for holding the Courts of United States in case of the sickness or other disability of the Judges of the District Courts.

An act to establish a Territorial Government for Utah.

An act to suppress the slave trade in the District of Columbia.

An act to regulate the terms of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the District of Ohio.

An act supplementary to an act entitled "an act providing for the taking of the seventh and subsequent census of the United States, and to fix the number of the members of the House of Representatives, and and to provide for their future apportionment among the several States.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend, in the cases therein mentioned, the 'act to regulate the duties on imports and tonnage.'"

An act proposing to the State of Texas the establishment of her northern and western boundaries, the relinquishment by the said State of all territory claimed by her exterior to said boundaries, and of all her claims upon the United States, and to establish a Territorial Government for New Mexico.

A act to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to permit vessels from the British North American Provinces to lade and unlade at such places in any collection district of the United States as he may designate.

An act to create additional collection districts in the State of California, and to change the existing district therein, and to modify the existing collection districts in the United States, and for other purposes.

An act to provide for extending the laws and and the judicial system of the United States to the State of California.

An act to authorize the appointment of Indian agents in California.

An act making appropriations for lighthouses, buoys, &c., and providing for the erection and establishment of the same, and for other purposes.

An act to extend the port of New Orleans.

An act to repeal so much of the act approved 11th of August, 1848, as extends the provisions thereof to Macao.

Joint resolution limiting the expense of collecting the revenue from the customs for the present fiscal year.

Joint resolution authorizing the purchase of the manuscript Farewell Address of George Washington.

Joint resolution for binding the public documents.

Joint resolution for restoring the settlement of the "three months' extra pay" claims to the accounting officers of the Treasury.

Joint resolution relative to the payment of dividends or interest on war bounty scrip.

Joint resolution expressing the condolence of Congress for Mrs. Margaret S. Taylor.

Joint resolution to amend a resolution approved on the 10th of August, 1850, relative to the payment of dividends on interest on war bounty scrip.

Joint resolution relating to the publication of the laws of the United States.

Joint resolution relative to the public printing.

PRIVATE ACTS.

Which Originated in the Senate.

An act in relation to donations of land to certain persons in the State of Arkansas.

An act for the relief of Joseph P. Williams.

An act providing for the examination and settlement of claims for land at the Sault Ste. Marie, in Michigan.

An act for the relief of Conrad W. Faber, Leopold Bierwith, and Theodore Victor.

An act to enable the Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, to hold certain property for the purposes therein recited.

An act for the relief of John Mitchell.

An act for the relief of Capt. Nathan Adams, of Tennessee.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act for the relief of D. A. Waterston."

An act for the relief of Leuright Browning.

An act to authorise Thomas Ginnalty to hold and transmit certain real estate.

Joint resolution directing the accounting officer of the Treasury to adjust the account of Newton Lane, late pension agent at Louisville.

Joint resolution to extend the provisions of a "joint resolution for the benefit of Frances Slocum and her children and grandchildren, of the Miami tribe of Indians," approved March 3, 1845, to certain other individuals of the same tribe.

Joint resolution for the settlement of accounts with the heirs and representatives of Col. Pierce M. Butler, late agent for the Cherokee Indians.

Another joint resolution of precisely tha seme title.

PUBLIC ACTS

Which originated in the House of Representatives.

An act to provide for recording the conveyances of vessels, and for other purposes.

An act to continue in force an act therein mentioned, relating to the port of Baltimore.

An act supplementary to the act entitled "An act supplementary to the act entitled an act establishing a Mint, and regulating the coins of the United States."

An act to make further appropriations for public buildings in the Territories of Minesota and Oregon.

An act to supply deficiencies in the appropriation for the service of the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, 1850.

An act making appropriations for certain fortifications of the United States for the year ending the 30th of June, 1851.

An act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the year ending the 30th of June, 1851.

An act making appropriations for the Naval service for the year ending the 30th of June, 1851.

An act granting bounty lands to certain officers and soldiers who have been engaged in the military service of the U. States.

An act to create the office of Surveyor-General of the public lands in Oregon, and to provide for the survey, and to make donations to settlers of the said public lands.

An act making appropriations for the payment of Navy pensions for the year ending the 30th of June, 1851.

An act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes for the year ending June 30, 1851.

An act making appropriations for the payment of Revolutionary and other pensions of the United States for the year ending the 30th of June, 1851.

An act authorizing the Legislative Assemblies of Minnesota and Oregon Territories to prolong their next annual session to a period of ninety days.

An act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1851.

An act to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for the service of the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, 1850.

An act to establish certain post-roads in the United States.

An act to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for pay and mileage of members of Congress for the present session.

An act to provide for carrying into execution in further part the 12th article of the treaty with Mexico, concluded at Guadalupe Hidalgo.

An act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the year ending the 30th of June, 1851.

An act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the government for the year ending the 30th of June, 1851, and for other purposes.

Joint resolution instructing the Secretary of State to furnish the State of Alabama duplicates of the books and documents heretofore supplied by Congress, and which were destroyed by the recent burning of the State Capitol of said State.

Joint resolution to supply the Territories of Oregon and Minnesota with the Narrative of the Exploring Expedition.

Joint resolution authorizing the President of the United States to accept and attach to the Navy two vessels offered by Henry Grinnell, Esq., of New York, to be sent to the Arctic Seas in search of Sir John Franklin and his companions.

PRIVATE ACTS

Which originated in the House of Representatives

An act for the relief of William Paddy.

An act to extend the privilege of franking letters and packages to Sarah Polk.

An act for the relief of William B. Crews.

An act to refund the fine imposed on the late Dr. Thomas Cooper, under the sedition law, to his heirs.

An act for the relief of Jesse Sutton.

An act for the construction of certain roads in the Territory of Minnesota, and for other purposes.

An act further to extend the time for locating Virginia military land warrants, and returning surveys thereon to the General Land Office.

An act for the relief of Brown and Tarbox.

An act for the relief of Richard H. Barrett.

An act for the relief of Benjamin P. Smith.

An act for the relief of Camfield Averill.

An act for the relief of Eliphas C. Brown.

An act for the relief of Skelton Felton.

An act for the relief of Winthrop S. Harding.

An act for the relief of Smith and Hersey.

An act for the relief of Jacob Zimmerman.

An act for the relief of Sarah Jane West.

An act for the relief of Thomas Dennis.

Ae act for the relief of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad Company.

An act to grant a register to the barque Royal Saxon.

An act for the relief of Al-lo-lah and his legal representatives, and their grantees.

An act authorizing the issuing of a register to the barque Cornwallis.

An act for the relief of James T. Shackleford.

An act to grant the franking privilege to Mrs. Margaret S. Taylor.

An act for the relief of William Maxwell, late Marshal for the district of Georgia.

An act for the relief of Isaac Seymour.

An act to grant a register to the barque James Patton, jr., now the Grenadian barque Bogata.

An act for the relief of Charles Stuart.

An act for the relief of William Whicher.

An act for the payment of a company of Indian volunteers.

A joint resolution granting old brass guns to the Jackson Monument Committee.

A joint resolution relating to the equestrian statue of General Andrew Jackson.

A joint resolution for the relief of the children of Sarah Stokes deceased.

A joint resolution explanatory of certain acts therein mentioned.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of COOKE & LECOUNT, for the purpose of carrying on the Wholesale and Retail Stationery business in general. They have leased the fire proof store in Wells & Co's Buildings, Montgomery street, next door to Wells & Co's Banking House.

WM. B. COOKE,
J. J. LECOUNT.

o1 tf

STATE WARRANTS,

FOR SALE, in sums of $100 each, convenient for the payment of State taxes, auction dues, licenses, &c. Inquire at the *Pacific News* office. d2 tf

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CITY ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE,

Organizing a Board of Health.

The People of the City of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

§1. There shall be a *Board of Health* in and for the city of San Francisco, of which the Mayor, by right of office, shall be *President*, and the members of which shall, from time to time, be appointed by the common council of the city.

§2. In case the Mayor, from any cause, shall be unable to attend to the discharge of his duties as a health officer, the Board of Health may choose one of their own number as President, who shall possess the powers, and perform the duties of the Mayor, in this respect.

§3. In addition to the Mayor, the Board of Health shall consist of eight members, to be selected as follows, to wit: one from the Board of Aldermen, one from the Board of Assistant Aldermen, *three* from the citizens of the city, and *three* from the *medical men* of the city, who are *citizens*.

§4. The Board of Health shall have power, whenever in their judgment the public health shall require it, to *order any* vessel at the wharves of the city, or in its vicinity, (except vessels of war of the United States,) to the quarantine ground, or other place of safety, and may require all articles or things landed or introduced into the city from such vessel, to be seized and returned on board, or removed to the *quarantine* ground.

In case the master, owner, or consignee of the vessel shall refuse or neglect to obey the order of removal, the Mayor or the Board of Health shall have power to remove the vessel at the expense of said master, owner or consignee.

2. The Board of Health shall have the power to require the removal of all persons landed or introduced into the city from any vessel, at the wharves or in the vicinity of the city, whenever in their judgment the public health requires it.

No vessel or person so ordered out, shall return to the city without a written permit of the Board of Health, or the Mayor.

3. The Board of Health shall have power to direct the cleansing and fumigation of any vessel and its cargo in the port of San Francisco, and the destruction of any bedding, clothing, or portion of cargo of said vessel that they may deem infected and likely to spread disease in the city.

4. The Board of Health shall have power to cause to be thrown overboard or destroyed, any portion of the cargo of any vessel in the port of San Francisco, that may be in a decayed or injured condition, and likely on these accounts to produce disease.

5. The Board of Health shall have power to prevent communication between any vessel ordered into quarantine, and the city, except under such regulations as the said Board may establish

6. The Board of Health shall have power to appoint from time to time, as many health inspectors, and other officers to carry into effect the provisions of this ordinance, and the rules and regulations of the Board as they may deem necessary.

7. The Board of Health shall have power to authorise such officers to enter into and examine, in the day time, all vessels in the port, except vessels of war, and all buildings, lots, and places of every description, within the city, and to ascertain and report to the Board, the condition thereof, so far as the public health may be affected thereby.

8. The Board of Health shall have power to give all such direction, and adopt all such measures as in their judgment may be necessary for cleansing and purifying all such buildings, lots, and other places, and to do or cause to be done, everything in relation thereto, which in their opinion may be proper to preserve the health of the city.

9. The Board of Health shall have power to adopt prompt measures to prevent the spreading of a contagious disease, by forbidding all communication with the house or family so infected, except such as may be necessary for the medical care and provisions for the same, to cause those sick with such disease to be removed to places provided therefor, and to exercise such other authority, when a contagious disease shall appear in the city, as in their judgment the circumstances of the case, and the public good shall require.

10. The Board of Health shall have power, by and with the consent of the Common Council, to provide hospital buildings and the necessary supplies therefor, in as many places as in their judgment may be necessary, whenever an epidemic disease shall prevail in the city, and appoint to the same physicians, as many as may be necessary, and nurses and such other attendants as are deemed by said Board advisable.

§5. Compensation for the health inspectors, physicians and others, appointed by the Board of Health, under the provisions of section 4 of this ordinance, shall be fixed by the Common Council, upon recommendation of the Board of Health.

§6. The expenses incurred from carrying out the provisions of section 4 of this ordinance, shall be paid by the persons or property removed, or by the property subjected to sanitary regulations in other respects, or by the city, as in the judgment of the Board of Health may in each case be deemed just and reasonable.

§7. It shall be the duty of each physician in the city of San Francisco, to report to the Board of Health, in writing, every patient he shall have laboring malignant or contagious fever, or the *Asiatic Cholera*, within twenty-four hours after he shall be satisfied of the nature of the disease, and to report to the same Board every case of death from such disease, within twenty-four hours after they shall have occurred.

§8. It shall be the duty of every person keeping a boarding or lodging house in the City of San Francisco, to report in writing, to the Board of Health, the name of every person boarding or lodging at his house, whom he shall have reason to believe to be sick with any malignant or contagious fever, or with the cholera, and any deaths occurring at his house, from such disease.

§9. Every master, owner, or consignee of a vessel lying at a wharf, or in the harbor of San Francisco, shall make a like report, and within the same time.

§10. Every person who shall violate the provisions of sections 7th, 8th and 9th, of this ordinance, shall be fined in a sum not to exceed five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed *ten days*, at the discretion of the Court; and every person who shall refuse or neglect to obey any order or regulation made by the Board of Health, in the exercise of the powers conferred in this ordinance, shall be fined in a sum not to exceed five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed *ten* days, at the discretion of the Court.

§11. The City Physicians shall visit and examine, and make report in writing, to the Board of Health, of all such cases of malignant or contagious fever, or of Asiatic Cholera, as the Board may direct.

§12. The Board of Health shall cause to be prosecuted before the Recorder of the city all such cases of violation of the sections 7th, 8th and 9th of this ordinance, and all cases of refusal or neglect to obey the orders and regulations of the Board, made in the exercise of the powers conferred in this ordinance, and all fines imposed and collected under this ordinance, shall be appropriated to the support of the City Hospital.

W. W. GREENE,
Bresident of the Board of Aldermen.
A. BARTOL,
President of the Board of Assistant Aldermen.
Approved November 5th, 1850.
JNO. W. GEARY, Mayor.
Mayor's Office,
San Francisco, Nov. 5th, 1850. }

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of an original ordinance now on file in this office.

n6 JAMES BOWMAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE

RELEASING JOHN W. GEARY FROM JUDGMENTS OBTAINED AGAINST HIM IN HIS INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY, WHILST ACTING IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS FIRST ALCALDE.

The People of the city of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

§1. That the city of San Francisco assume the judgment in the case of E. D. Heatly and others, *vs.* John W. Geary, which has been obtained him in his individual capacity, for the sum of two thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars, for damages alleged to have accrued to them by the destruction of a house, &c., belonging to plaintiffs, by the order of said Geary defendant whilst in the discharge of his duty as first Alcalde at the conflagration on the 24th of December 1849.

§2. That the city of San Francisco assume the judgment in the case of Soroco & Brothers *vs.* John W. Geary, which has been obtained against him in his individual capacity for the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, for damages alleged to have accrued to them by the destruction of a house, &c., belonging to plaintiffs, by the order of said Geary, defendant, whilst in the discharge of his duty as first Alcalde at the conflagration on the 24th of December 1849.

§3. That the City Attorney be and is hereby authorized and instructed to enter appeals in the above named judgments.

WM. GREENE,
President Board of Aldermen.
A. BARTOL,
President Board of Assistant Aldermen.
Approved Nov. 6th, 1850.
JOHN W. GEARY, Mayor.
Mayor's Office,
San Francisco, Nov. 6, 1850. }

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of an original ordinance now on file in this office.

nov12 JAMES BOWMAN, Clerk.

CITY ORDINANCES.

ORDINANCE

AUTHORIZING THE DIVISION OF THE CITY INTO WARDS.

The People of the city of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

§1. That the city of San Francisco shall be divided into eight wards, designated by number, with the following boundaries, viz:

§2. Ward *Number One*, shall include all that portion situated east of a line running through the center of Stockton street, and north of a line running through the center of Jackson street.

§3. Ward *Number Two*, shall include all that portion situated west of the said line in Stockton street, and north of the aforesaid line in Jackson street.

§4. Ward *Number Terec*, shall include all that portion situated east of a line running through the center of Kearny street, and between the said line in Jackson street and a line running through the center of Sacramento street.

§5. Ward *Number Four*, shall include all that portion situated west of the said line in Kearny street, and between the aforesaid line in Sacramento and Jackson streets.

§6. Ward *Number Five*, shall include all that portion situated between the intersection of Sacramento and Market streets, and between the said line in Sacramento street, and a line running through the center of Market street.

§7. Ward *Number Six*, shall include all that portion situated west of said line in Kearny street, and between the aforesaid line in Sacramento and Market streets.

§8. Ward *Number Seven*, shall include all that portion situated south and east of said line in Market street, and east of a line running through the center of Fourth street.

§9. Ward *Number Eight*, shall include all that portion situated east of the said line in Fourth st., and south and east of the said line in Market st.

WM. GREENE, Pres't Board Ald.
A. BARTOL, Pres't Board Ass't Ald.
Approved, Nov. 5, 1850.
JOHN W. GEARY, Mayor.
Mayor's Office.
San Francisco, Nov. 5, 1850. }

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of an original ordinance now in file in this ofice.

nov12 JAMES BOWMAN, Clerck.

STATE LAWS.

AN ACT

REGULATING THE DUTIES OF HARBOR MASTER OF THE PORT OF SAN FRANCISCO, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

The People of the State of California, in Senate and Assembly represented, do enact as follows—

§1. That the people of the city of San Francisco, shall at their annual State election, elect by ballot a Harbor Master for the port of San Francisco, who shall hold his office for one year, or until his successor is qualified, and that the said Harbor Master, before he enters upon the duties of said office, shall execute a bond to the people of this State, with two sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the Mayor or Recorder of the city of San Francisco, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful and impartial fulfilment of the duties required by this Act, and shall also take an oath truly and faithfully to execute the same: *Provided*, however, that the Legislature shall elect a Harbor Master for said Port, who shall continue in office until a successor shall be elected as aforesaid. The Harbor Master already appointed shall continue in office until a successor is so elected by the Legislature.

§2. The Harbor Master shall have power to appoint a deputy or deputies unless in case of sickness, and in case of a vacancy by death or otherwise, the Governor shall supply such vacancy.

§3. That the said Harbor Master shall have authority to regulate, and station all ships and vessels in the Harbor of San Francisco, within the limits of said city and the wharves thereof, and to remove from time to time such ships or vessels as are not employed in receiving and discharging their cargoes, to make room for such others as require to be more immediately accommodated, for the purpose of receiving or discharging theirs: and as to the fact of their being fairly and *bona fide* employed in receiving and discharging their cargoes, the said Harbor Master is constituted the sole judge.

§4. The said Harbor Master shall have authority to determine how far, and in what instance it is the duty of the master and others having charge of ships and vessels to accommodate each other, in their respective situations; and if any master or other person, having charge of any ship or vessel, shall refuse or neglect to obey the directions of said Harbor Master, in matters within his authority to direct, or if any person shall resist or oppose the said Harbor Master in the execution of the duties of his office, such master or other person having charge of any ship or vessel shall, for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit, in the name of the treasurer of the hospital of said city, before any court having cognizance thereof, all of which fines when collected, shall be paid to the treasurer, for the use of said hospital.

§5. That the said Harbor Master, shall have power to demand and receive, from the commanders, owners and consignees or either of them, on all ships or vessels of the United States, and on all ships or vessels of any foreign nation that are permitted by the laws of the United States to enter on the same terms as vessels of the United States, and which shall enter the said port of San Francisco, and load or unload, or make fast to any wharf therein, four cents per ton, to be computed from the tonnage expressed in the register or enrollments of ships and vessels respectively and no more; and also on all other foreign ships or vessels which shall arrive at, or enter the said port, and load, unload or make fast to any wharf therein, double the amount of fees above specified, according to the rate of tonnage or burthen of said ships or vessels respectively, to be ascertained by their respective registers, or other documents on board the same: *Provided, nevertheless*, That nothing whatever shall be demanded by the said Harbor Master for the entrance into the port of San Francisco, of any sloop or schooner employed in the coasting trade, on the Pacific coast within the United States, unless upon the application of the master or person having charge of any such vessel employed in the coasting trade as aforesaid, the said Harbor Master shall interfere and adjust any difference which may happen respecting the situation or position of such coasting vessel, which difference said Harbor Master is hereby authorized and required to hear and determine; in which case, the said Harbor Master may demand and receive from the party in fault in the premises, the sum of ten dollars and no more, for any difference so by him adjusted; to be sued for and recovered, in the name and for the use of said Harbor Master, in any court having cognizance thereof.

§6. That the master, owner or consignee of any ship or vessel subject to payment of fees to the Harbor Master as aforesaid, shall within forty eight hours after the arrival of such ship or vessel, pay the fees so due thereon at the office of the said Harbor Master, and in default of such payment, if the same shall have been first duly demanded, such master, owner or consignee, on whom such demand shall have been previously made, shall forfeit and pay double the amount of such fees, to be sued for and recovered in the name and for the use of the said Harbor Master, in any court having cognizance thereof.

§7 That it shall be the duty of the said Harbor Master to superintend and enforce the execution of all laws of this State, and by-laws of the corporation of the city of San Francisco, for cleaning the docks and wharves, and for preventing and removing all nuisances in or upon them, or either of them; and if the person or persons, whose duty it shall be to remove such nuisances, shall refuse, or neglect to remove the same within forty eight hours after notice from the said Harbor Master, to remove the same, the said Harbor Master may thereupon demand and receive, from such person or persons so neglecting or refusing, the sum of thirty five dollars, and in case of non-payment thereof, on demand, the same may be sued for and recovered in the name of and for the use of the said Harbor Master, in any court having cognizance thereof.

JOHN BIGLER,
Speaker of the House of Assembly.
JOHN McDOUGAL,
Lieut. Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved, March 11, 1850.
PETER H BURNETT.

Office of Secretary of State,
SAN JOSE, August 1, 1850. }

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of an original Act, now on file in this office.

WM. VAN VOORHEES,
Secretary of State.

AN ACT to provide for the Lien of Mechanics and Others.

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

§1. All Master Builders, Mechanics, Lumber Merchants, and all other persons performing labor, or furnishing materials for the construction or repair of any building or wharf, shall have a lien separately, or jointly, upon the building or buildings, or wharf, which they may have furnished materials of any description, to the extent of the labor done, or materials furnished, or for both.

§2. Any such contractor, journeyman, or laborer who may be employed in the construction or repairing of any building or wharf, or in furnishing any materials for the same, may give to the owner or owners of the building or buildings or wharf on which he may have worked, or for the construction of which he may have furnished materials, notice in writing, particularly setting forth the amount of his claim, and the service rendered, for which his employer is indebted to him, and that he holds said owner or owners responsible for the same; and the owner is hereby made liable for the amount so claimed, if indebted to the employer to the amount; if not, then to the amount due from him to said employer at the time such notice was served.

STATE LAWS.

§3. When any such contractor, journeyman, or laborer [illegible] have given the notice prescribed in the preceding [illegible], he shall present to his employer a copy of such [illegible] for his endorsement. If such employer endorse [illegible] that the claim is correct, the owner or other per[illegible]able shall pay the same, if indebted to the employer [illegible] the amount; if not, then the amount due from him to said employer at the time the notice was served. If he fail, or refuse so to pay, such sub-contractor, journeyman, or laborer, shall, within thirty days after the service of the notice, commence an action in the proper court to enforce his lein. If, by the terms of the contract between the owner and the contractor, the money to be payable at some future day, such sub-contractor, journeyman, or laborer may file the copy of the notice, with the endorsement thereon, in the Recorder's office of the county in which the building or wharf is situated; and shall have thirty days after the money becomes due, in which to commence his action. If he fail to commence his action, as prescribed in this section, his lien shall be lost.

§4. If the employer fail or refuse to make the endorsement required by the preceding section, such sub-contractor, journeyman, or laborer shall lose his lien for the amount claimed, unless he shall, within thirty days after the service of the notice, commence an action in the proper court against his employer, to establish the amount of the claim. If he obtain judgment against his employer he shall lose his lien for the amount thereof, unless within thirty days thereafter, he shall commence an action against the owner for the amount established by the judgment, if the money be then due from the owner to the contractor; if not, then he shall file in the Recorder's office of the county in which the building or wharf is situated, a notice of said claim and judgment; and shall commence his action against the owner within thirty days after the money is due from the owner to the contractor.

§5. The owner or other person made liable, as aforesaid, for the amount admitted to be due, or established by judgment, may set off the same in any action brought against him by the contractor or person otherwise entitled to recover the same under the contractor.

§6. The land upon which any building shall be erected, together with the space around the same, not exceeding five hundred square feet, clear of the building, shall also be subject to the above lien, if the said land shall have been at the time of the erecting of the building, the property of the person or persons, corporation or association, contracting for the erection or repair of the same.

§7. Any person wishing to avail himself of she provisions of the first section of this Act, whether his claim be due or not, shall file in the Recorder's office of the county in which the building or wharf is situated, at any time before the expiration of sixty days after the completion of the building or repairs, notice of his intention to hold a lien upon the property declared by this Act liable to such lien, for the amount due, or to become due to him, specifically setting forth the amount claimed, upon his failure to do so, the lien shall be lost. The Recorder shall file and record such notice, and all other notices given under the third and fourth sections of this Act, in a book provided for the purpose.

§8. No such lien shall bind any building or wharf for a longer time than one year after it is done, or the materials have been furnished, unless suit be brought in the proper court to enforce the same within that time, or if a credit be given, within one year from the expiration of the credit; but no lien shall be continued in force for a longer term than two years from the time the work is completed, or the materials furnished by any agreement to give credit.

§9. The lien for work or materials, given by this Act, shall be preferred to every other lien or incumbrance, which attached upon the property subsequent to the time at which the work was commenced or the materials were furnished.

§10. Any person who has received satisfaction for his debt, for which a claim has been filed, or action brought, where such claim was filed or such action brought.

§11. Any person failing or refusing to enter satisfaction, when required so to do, by the preceding section, shall forfeit and pay to the party or parties aggrieved the sum fifty dollars for each day during which he shall so fail or refuse; to be recovered in the same manner as other debts are recovered.

§12. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to take away or affect in any manner any action which any such contractor, journeyman, or laborer would otherwise have against the owner of property on which work is performed, or for which materials are furnished.

§13. Any Mechanic or artisan who shall make after, or repair any article of personal property, at the request of the owner or legal possessor of such property, shall have a lien on such property so made, altered, or repaired, for his just and reasonable charges, for his work done and materials furnished; and may hold and retain the possession of the same until such just and reasonable charges shall be paid; and if not paid for in the space of two months after the work shall have been done, such mechanic or artisan may proceed to sell the property by him so made, altered, or repaired, at public auction, by giving three weeks' public notice of such sale, by advertisement, in some newspaper published in the county in which the work may be done, or if there be no such newspaper, then by posting up notices of such sale in three of the most public places in the town where such work was done; and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied, first, to the discharge of such lien, and the costs and expenses of keeping and selling such property, and the remainder, i any, shall be paid over to the owner thereof.

§14. Nothing contained in this Act shall be deemed to apply to, or affect any lien heretofore acquired.

JOHN BIGLER,
Speaker of the Assembly.
JOHN McDOUGAL,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved, April 12, 1850.
PETER H. BURNETT.

Office of Secretary of State,
SAN JOSE, June 17th, 1860. }

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of an original Act now on file in this office.

WM. VAN VOORHIES, Secretary of State.

KLAMATH GOLD MINES,

RIVER and Town—One of the most extensive fields for speculation at present in California.

The attention of the public is now called to this very important part of California. The town of Klamath is situated on the bank and at the vicinity of the mouth of a river, upon the numerous tributaries of which the most productive and extensive gold mines have been discovered as any now in existence in California. The Harbr, (at the upper end of which, this beautiful town site is situated) is both commodious and secure, and possesses the very superior advantage over all the other ports upon the coast between the Columbia river and San Francisco, of a perfectly safe entrance. The river is a magnificent stream, and navigable for steamers, according to the opinion of steamboat captains and others in every way competent to judge of the matter, at least 70 miles up; at, and even below which point, these very rich gold mines commence. Merchants and capitalists who are desirous of realizing a handsome profit upon their goods and an enormous return for their capital, cannot enter into a better speculation, or make a more safe investment of their means in any part of California, from the fact that there are at present about 2000 miners at work upon this river and its tributaries; and there is every reason to believe, from the numerous satisfactory statements of the miners, relative to their success during the last year, that next year there will be many times the number. The immediate rush to these mines from all parts will be immense, and in fact almost unprecedented; and this town, which may be said to be adjacent, in consequence of the water communication into the very heart of them, must, and will undoubtedly be insured a speedy and almost magic growth, and by this time next year, will be a very respectable rival to, (if no totally eclipsing) Sacramento and Stockton. Miners who have, during the last summer expended to such a deplorable extent their useless toil and labor in the southern mines, and have actually lost money in the place of making it, by the unsuccessful and numerous damming operations, and the scarcity of gold there, are strongly recommended to turn their attention to these mines, as the average amount dug last year, putting it at an infinitely lower estimate than from the statements of the miners we would be warranted in putting it, one ounce per day to the man. This alone is sufficient to justify the opinion that there is ample room for more, and when it is taken into consideration that not over one-tenth part of the gold region has as yet been explored, the certainty of room is rendered beyond doubt. The enormous tax upon the miners for packing of provisions, will next year be effectually obviated by the aid of water communication, which extends into the very heart of the mines. Goods can be taken from the deck of steamers by the miners, in the place of the pack-saddle of the mule, and provisions now furnished at an expense of $1 50 for the mere packing, can be afforded for ten cents, thus enabling the miner to lay by the fruits of their labor, instead of expending so great a quota for subsistence. To persons wishing to invest capital to an advantage in town lots, an almost unparalleled money making speculation is now open; as lots at the present time can be procured at a comparatively low figure, and the price that they will be disposed of next Spring, will be high. Arrangements have been made for a steamer to ply between the town and the mines, which will warrant to miners the supply of provisions forthwith.

A map of the town and river can be seen at Messrs. Schultz & Palmer's, foot of Jackson street; at Bullett & Patrick's, corner of Jackson and Sansome streets; and at Worthington, Beale & Bunting's.

Any required information respecting the Mines, River, Town and Harbor, by application to Mr. JOHN GRAY, at Messrs. Schultz & Palmer's, or to Mr. T. BUNTING, at the firm of Worthington, Beale & Bunting, on Montgomery street. o16

STATE MARINE HOSPITAL.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF HEALTH for the port of San Francisco, have taken the building on Stockton street, lately known and occupied as the American Hotel, and have converted the same into a State Marine Hospital. The public are informed that the Hospital is now open for the reception of patients.

The public authorities of the city of San Francisco, who have charge of the city poor, citizens, and all persons not entitled to hospital privileges, are also informed that patients will be admitted at this hospital, for the very moderate sum of $28 per week, in advance, including board, lodging and medical attendance. For admission, apply at the Hospital, to the Resident Physician.

LORENZO HUBBARD, M. D.,
Resident Physician.

N. B. No patient laboring under an infectious or contagious disease will be treated at this Hospital, but a suitable place will be provided for them, on application as above. o1

FOR SALE.

A CORRUGATED IRON STORE, 30x60, will sell for less than freight or duties. Also, for sale, a fine piano, very melodious, will sell very cheap. Apply to

W. SCHLEIDEN, on Broadway,
between Dupont and Stockton sts,
o1 or at his office, opposite the Custom House.

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